

# NAPANEE

\$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.]

WITH SU

J. C. DREWRY, Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., FR

## FARM TO RENT.

One mile from Odessa. 100 acres. Known as the Mancur farm. Apply to G. A. MANCUR, ODESSA, ONT. 5287C

## FOR SALE

The goodwill and furniture of the Brisco House are offered for sale at a bargain. Applications received at any time, until December 31st, 1887.

187atf

THOMAS EMPEY & SON

## ALL ACCOUNTS

### DUE DOWNEY & CO.

must be settled at once to save costs, at their office, foot of Centre-street.

4287atf

DOWNEY & CO.

## TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS

The Large Flour Mill in Napanee,

At present occupied by Mr. John Downey. Possession given on the 9th November next. Storage capacity over fifty thousand bushels. Apply to H. T. FORWARD.

July 12th, 1887.

5087dtf

Napanee, Ont.

## FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

Lot 9, con. 5, in the township of Richmond, containing 150 acres. There are thirteen acres of fall wheat sown and twenty-five acres of fall ploughing done. 25 bearing fruit trees. Good frame house, 24x36; barn, 40x60 and drive house, 18x24. Good drinking water. Well fenced. Terms liberal. Apply to T. G. DAVIS, real estate agent. 5287C

## NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Brockville, Westport and Sault Ste Marie Railway Company will apply to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario at its next session for the passage of an act to amend the act incorporating said company by giving said company power to lease to or amalgamate with other railway companies and corporations and other powers

W. B. SMELLIE,  
Secretary

Brockville, 30th Nov., 1887

287f

## MORTGAGE SALE !

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage to the Vendors, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction at the Town Hall, in the town of Napanee, on

Thursday, December 22, 1887

At 11 o'clock in the forenoon, the following property, viz :

FIRST.—The south 55 acres of the west half of lot No. 15, in the 10th concession of the Township of Richmond, in the County of Lennox and Addington, excepting 5 acres of the south west corner of the said west half of said lot, heretofore conveyed to one Charles Pringle, and described as follows: Commencing at the south west angle of said lot, thence northerly on the west side line of said lot, 40 rods, to a point easterly parallel with the base line of said lot, 20 rods to a post planted thence southerly parallel with the first line described 40 rods to the front of the 10th concession, thence westerly on the concession line 20 rods to the place of beginning.

SECOND.—All that part of the west half of said lot number 15, particularly described as follows: Commencing at the southern limit of a road, crossing said half lot at the line between said lot 15 and lot 14, then southerly along said line between lots 14 and 15, eleven rods more or less to a post, then easterly to the line between said lot 14 and 15.

## MORTGAGE SALE

OF VALUABLE

## Farm Property !

IN THE

## Township of Fredericksburgh.

Pursuant to a power of sale contained in a certain indenture of mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold at public auction

By J. M. ALLE Auctioneer,

AT THE

## TOWN HALL, NAPANEE

—ON—

Saturday, Dec. 3, 1887

at the hour of 2 p.m., the east half of lot No. 17, in the 2nd concession of the Township of Fredericksburgh, in the County of Lennox and Addington, containing 101 acres. Upon the premises are a house and barn; land all cleared; ten acres covered with stumps; soil sandy and clay loam. There is also an orchard on the property.

The terms of payment are as follows:—Ten per cent. cash to be paid to the Vendors or their Solicitors at the time of sale and balance in one month thereafter without interest. Other conditions will be made known at time of sale.

The Vendors will not be required to produce any abstract of title, title deeds, copies of deeds or papers or other evidences of title other than those in their possession.

The Vendors reserve the right of making one bid at sale.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Auctioneer or to the Vendors Solicitors,

Edgar, Malone & Garvin,

Vendors' Solicitors,

5287C

27 & 29 Wellington-St. East, Toronto

## MORTGAGE SALE !

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by John Gault, to the vendors, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by

## Public Auction

—AT THE—

Town Hall, in the Town of Napanee

—ON—

Saturday, Dec. 3rd, 1887

AT ONE O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON,

the following valuable property, viz: All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the township of Fredericksburgh, in the County of Lennox and Addington and Province of Ontario, being composed of lot numbers seven and eight according to a plan of the west half of lot number twenty south of the racadamized road in the seventh concession of the said township of Fredericksburgh, made by J. W. Nash, P. L. S., and registered in the Registry office for the County of Lennox and Addington, on the 20th day of July A. D. 1887.

## LOCAL.

—On Tuesday evening next the A.O.U. W. will nominate officers for the ensuing year. A full attendance is urgently requested.

—The river was frozen over on Thursday morning. The evening previous skating was indulged in by the boys on the glassy surface.

—On Monday last Mr Hugh Rankin, formerly of Selby, took possession of the Cornell House, having secured a lease for a term of years.

—Our former townsman, Mr E B Stone, was married on Thursday of last week, at St. Thomas, to Miss H A Gorman, of Belleville. We extend congratulations.

—A new wharf is to be built at Massasauga Point. It will extend farther out than the old one and have a depth of thirteen feet along the front during high water.

—Thursday morning last the stock and fixtures of A Frank Hamilton, insolvent were sold by auctioneer McCay. Mr T S Henry was the purchaser at 33 cts. on the dollar.

Jas. H. Downey has the finest quality of boots, shoes, rubbers, overshoes and moccasins, ever offered in town. Call at his store and see his stock and we are sure you will purchase.

—Some time ago, the officers of the steamer Hero entertained their friends at Stella. Friday night last the islanders had a ball to entertain the officers, and a very happy time was spent.

—The Rev. Jos. Young assisted at the meeting in the Western Methodist church, on Tuesday night. He was here in the interest of the Bible society but owing to the special services no meeting was held.

—Anniversary services of the 4th con (Ernestown) church will be held on Sunday, Dec 11. On the Monday evening following an oyster supper will be given. Good music and speaking. Admission: single tickets 40c; double 75c.

—If men you were as men you are by show you would not use a gentle lady so by depriving her of a pair of the best quality of boots, but you would call at James H. Downey's one price boot and shoe store and get for her the best of his stock.

—On Wednesday next auctioneer Derbyshire will sell for Mr W T Card, on W Jenkins farm, in the 5th concession of Ernestown, some stock and implements. Sale to commence at 1 p.m. \$10 and under cash; above that amount nine night on credit.

Mr F S Richardson has on exhibition in James H Downey's window a picture of Mrs Burns (formerly Miss Leette Burdette) which to say the least is excellent. The copy was a cabinet of just the head, and the dress was supplied by the artist. It is worth a careful inspection.

The Rev. John Bredin, D.D., of Colborne, ex-President of the Bay of Quinte conference, preached two able discourses last

Commencing at the southern limit of a road, crossing said half lot at the line between said lot 15 and lot 14, then southerly along said line between lots 14 and 15, eleven rods more or less to a post, then easterly at right angles to the line between lots 14 and 15, 8 1/2 rods more or less, across said half lot, then northerly at right angles on the line between the east and west halves of said lot 15 to the southern limit of said road, then westerly along the southern limit of said road to the place of beginning.

Upon the premises are erected a small frame dwelling and a frame barn with shed attached.

**TERMS OF SALE.**—Ten per cent of the purchase money must be paid down at the time of sale and the balance within 30 days thereafter.

For further particulars and conditions of sale enquire of

**MORDEN & WILSON,**  
Vendors' Solicitors

Napanee, Nov. 22, 1887. 187d.

of the racadamized road in the seventh concession of the said township of Fredericksburgh, made by J.W. Nash, P. L. S., and registered in the Registry office for the County of Lennox and Addington, on the 20th day July, A.D. 1867.

The following improvements are on the premises. A comfortable **Brick Dwelling House** and out-buildings. A **Frame Barn and Drive House.** All buildings in a good state of repair; Also a **Large LimeKiln**, known as "**Gault's Kiln**" in good condition, and a small orchard. The property is distant about a mile from the market square Napanee.

**Terms:** 10 per cent of the purchase money must be paid down at the time of sale and the balance within 30 days thereafter.

For further particulars and conditions of sale enquire of

**MORDEN & WILSON,**  
Napanee, Nov. 10, 1887. 5187d Vendor's Solicitors



**SANTA CLAUS**

—AT THE—

**7 CENT STORE.**

Christmas buyers are delighted with our

**Great Display of Bargains**

In curious, useful and ornamental articles.

**At Prices Nobody Cares to Imitate.**

Come one and all to the 7 Cent Store. it will do you good to see our display in

Toys, Vases, Paint Boxes, Banks, China Cups, Saucers and Plates, Dolls, Child's setts of Dishes, Trumpets, Drums, Beads, Toilet setts, Mouth Organs, Christmas Cards, Toy Stoves, Autograph Albums, Cuff Buttons, Broaches, and Thousands of Articles at 7c each

West of the Campbell House

**R. VANCE:**



## Auction Sale of Timber Berths.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS.  
(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH.)

Totonto, 18th October, 1887.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that under Order in Council Timber Berths in the following Townships, viz.: Livingstone, McClinton, Lawrence, McLaughlin, Hunter, Bishop, Devine, Butt, Biggar, Wilkes, Ballantyne, Chisholm, Canisbay, Pentland and Boulter, will be offered for sale by Public Auction on Thursday, the Fifteenth day of December next, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto.

**T. B. PARDEE,**  
Commissioner.

**NOTE.**—Particulars as to locality and description of limits, area, etc., and terms and conditions of sale, will be furnished on application personally, or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands.

No unauthorized Advertisement of the above will be paid for. 4887h

## EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate of Benjamin Brisco, late of the Township of Ernestown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Farmer, Deceased.

Pursuant to Revised Statutes of Ontario Chapter 107, Sec. 34, and 46th Victoria, Chapter 9, and amendments, notice is hereby given to all creditors and persons having any claims against the said Benjamin Brisco, deceased, to send in to Messrs. Morden & Wilson, Napanee, Ont., Solicitors for R. M. Brisco and Benjamin Brisco, Executors of the last will of the said deceased, on or before the

**15th day of December, 1887,**

their christian names, surnames, addresses and discriptions, with full particulars of their claims, statement of accounts and nature of security, if any, held by them, after which date the said Executors will distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which they shall then have notice, and the said Executors will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received by them at the time of distribution.

**MORDEN & WILSON.**

Solicitors for Executors.

Napanee, 8th Nov., 1887

5187c

**FOR SALE**—One of the best farms in Richmond. The west half of lot 20, in the 3rd concession. First class stone house and large barn and sheds. Good stable. A stream of water, orchard and good well on the place. Only one and one-half miles from Napanee. School house within half a mile. Land well cultivated and at present nearly all seeded down. Possession given March 1st, 1888. Terms easy. For price, etc., apply to

**J. C. DREWRY,**  
Napanee

worth a careful inspection.

The Rev. John Bredin, D.D., of Colborne, ex-President of the Bay of Quinte conference, preached two able discourses last Sunday morning and evening in the Eastern Methodist church, the pastor, Rev. W. H. Linsley, being absent preaching anniversary services on the Newcastle circuit.

—The Methodist church on the Newburgh charge intend to hold a mammoth tea-meeting on Tuesday, the 20th December next, to commence at 7 o'clock p.m. A large and influential committee will spare no pains to have a highly interesting programme. The proceeds to supply the deficiency in church funds caused by the ate fire.

—The latest news regarding the inquest on the loss of the propeller California, on which Miss Membury was lost, is that Capt. Horbottle, inspector of steamboats, has returned to Toronto from Beauharnois where he examined Chateau and Ranzor, deck hands. He obtained important evidence bearing on the conduct of the crew, but does not care to make it public just at present.

## HEADQUARTERS FOR STOVES

It is to the interest of every one wanting a First-class Stove to call and inspect the most elaborate display of all kinds of Stoves ever exhibited by any one firm in this county. All Stoves are this year's make and of the latest designs, Each Stove warranted.

**Boyle & Son,**  
Agents for the Celebrated Economy Warm Air Furnaces.

## FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers for sale the south part of lot seventeen, in the third concession of South Fredericksburgh, containing seventy acres of land. This most desirable farm is situated in the Newburgh neighborhood, about six miles from Napanee. Three churches within sight and a post office within a mile. A frame house with woodhouse and kitchen attached and frame barn are on the premises; also a splendid orchard of over one hundred bearing trees, a good well and a living spring. For further particulars apply to Morden & Wilson, J. C. Drewry or

**WILLIAM F. GANNON,**  
4687m Hamburg P. O., Ont.

## EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

In the Matter of the Estate of David Aylsworth, late of the Township of Ernestown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Farmer, Deceased.

Pursuant to Revised Statutes of Ontario, Chapter 107, Section 34, and 46 Victoria, Chapter 9 and amendments, notice is hereby given to all creditors and persons having any claims against the said David Aylsworth, deceased, to send in to Messrs Morden & Wilson, Napanee, Ont., Solicitors for Bowen E. Aylsworth and Eleanor Aylsworth, executors of the last will and testament of the said deceased.

ON OR BEFORE THE

**2nd Day of JANUARY, 1888,**

their christian names, surnames, addresses, descriptions, with full statement of accounts, particulars of their claims, nature of security (if any) held by them, after which date the said Executors will distribute the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which they shall then have notice, and the said executors will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received by them at the time of distribution.

**MORDEN & WILSON,**  
Solicitors for Executors.

Napanee 20th November 1887

# THE EXPRESS

SUPPLEMENT

[\$1.50 if not paid till end of year.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1887.

VOL. XXV I. No. 2.

## "SHE"

Improbabilities Sometimes Become Real  
Realities—A True Woman's Fidelity.

Several works bearing unique titles, written in fascinating style, and giving evidence of wonderful imaginative power have lately been received by the reading public with much popularity and pleasure.

Perhaps the most striking of them is the book bearing the odd title of "She." In this the author has fairly outdone himself in his popular line. Ayesha and her beloved Kallikrates are unique characters in fiction. Ayesha, the heroine, is a beautiful creature who tasted of the essence nature's forces at the fountain head, and became immortal.

Her patient waiting for the coming of Kallikrates, the beloved of her youth, whose individuality was maintained through centuries, though the change called death regularly occurred, only to be followed by rebirth, is a fine illustration of woman's fidelity.

The closing scene, when she conducts Kallikrates to the very centre of the earth, the birthplace of all life, in order that he may taste of immortality, is a fit climax to the fine creation.

The question naturally suggested by this strikingly original story is whether there is not somewhere in nature, a potent force whereby life may at least be temporarily prolonged.

Mrs Appie Jenness Miller, editor of "Dress" says: "In every instance Warner's Safe Cure has the effect to give new energy and vitality to all my powers. Mme. Gray, teacher of Oratory and Physical Culture at Syracuse, declares: 'Before I tried physical culture and Warner's safe cure, I was a confirmed invalid. I owe much to that excellent remedy, and do not hesitate to acknowledge it.'"

Human life seems too short, though men in former ages lived longer than those of the present. History tells us that they lived more in accordance with nature's laws—their mode of living was extremely simple, and in their daily life they followed the dictates of human intelligence.

If sickness comes, we of to-day seek the remedy among the artificial forces instead of resorting to the field of nature.

If when diseases come, we would consult nature, the chances are that we would fare better, for we would then treat the cause of such disorders. Modern research has shown that most of the commonly known diseases owe their origin to the unhealthy state of the kidneys, the blood purifiers of the system and if they are kept in a healthy state by the use of Warner's Safe Cure, a vegetable compound and simple production of nature, much of the prevailing sickness would be happily averted.

It is probable that the author of "She" derived many of his beautiful imaginings from close communings with nature, for we are all agreed that whatever is of or from nature, is more beautiful and wholesome than that which is artificially constructed.

## Change of Time-Tables

On Monday, Nov. 28th, a change of G. T. R. and N. T. & Q. Railway time-tables took place. The train formerly arriving at 12.20 noon, now arrives at 11.49 a.m., while the train formerly arriving at 4.27 p.m., now arrives at 5.06. Below are the tables:

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.			
GOING WEST.		GOING EAST.	
Express.....	3.17 A.M.	Express.....	12.51 Midnight
Mixed.....	6.21 " "	Express.....	11.49 Noon
Express.....	5.06 P.M.	Mixed.....	1.22 P.M.
Mixed.....	9.45 " "	Mixed.....	8.33 " "
Mixed.....	9.22 A.M.	Mixed.....	9.45 P.M.
NAPANEE, TAMWORTH & QUEBEC RAILWAY.			
GOING NORTH.		GOING SOUTH.	
Live Napanee.....	11.50 AM	Live Tamworth.....	6.40 AM
Ar Tamworth.....	5.10 PM	Ar Napanee.....	2.30 PM
Ar Tamworth.....	1.35 " "	Ar Napanee.....	8.20 AM
Ar Napanee.....	6.50 " "	Ar Napanee.....	4.15 PM

## HOURS FOR CLOSING MAILS.

G. T. R. going east, 11.20 a.m.; G. T. R. going west, 4.35 p.m.; N. T. & Q. railway, 11.20 a.m., and 4.35 p.m. Night mail closes at 9 o'clock. Mails collected from street boxes: 10.45 a.m., 4 p.m. and 6.30 p.m.

## LAW BREAKERS.

### Brought before James Daly, P.M.

On Tuesday last Thomas Empey was fined \$100 for contravening the Scott Act—a second offence.

On Thursday J. Wheeler was brought to justice on a second offence for infraction of the Scott Act and confessing judgment he was fined \$100.

To-day (Friday) Messrs Luke Wheeler, of Tamworth, and L. Timmons, J. Kennedy and M. O'Dea, of Enterprise, will be brought to answer to the charge of selling liquor under the Scott Act—the latter for the second offence.

On Saturday last Levi Simpson was charged with being drunk and disorderly. Fined \$2 and costs and in default of payment was sent to jail for 10 days.

On the 21st inst. Masters Thomas Scott and Lasher Jaynes were before the Magistrate for putting cayenne pepper on the stove in the town hall during the Salvation Army services. They were each fined \$2 and costs. The former went to jail for 10 days and the fine of the latter was paid.

## To Our Readers.

We cannot too strongly urge upon our readers the necessity of subscribing for a family weekly newspaper, if first-class—such, for instance, as THE INDEPENDENT, of New York. Were we obliged to select one publication for habitual and careful reading to the exclusion of all others, we should choose unhesitatingly THE INDEPENDENT. It is a newspaper, magazine, and review, all in one. It is a religious, a literary, an educational, a story, an art, a scientific, an agricultural, a financial and a political paper combined. It has 32 folio pages and 21 departments. No matter what a person's religion, politics or profession may be, no matter what the age, sex, employment or condition may be, THE INDEPENDENT will

## COMMERCIAL UNION

The Farmers Institute Invite Speakers  
—Grant from County Council and Government.

On Saturday afternoon last a meeting of the Lennox Farmers' Institute was held in the council chamber. The attendance was fairly good. The chair was occupied by J. Carscallen, President, and Mr M. Bogart acted as secretary pro tem. The minutes of the last session were read and confirmed.

Mr Carscallen stated that some time ago he received a communication, from western Ontario, stating that a central Farmers' Institute was about to be organised in Toronto and asked this institute to send a delegate. This communication was not received until about two or three days previous to the session, and he, being unable to go, the institute had no representative.

The secretary read a circular, from the secretary of the central union, containing the minutes of the first session, and also the objects of the union.

Mr Bogart stated that some time ago he wrote to Mr Shaw, of Hamilton, secretary of the commercial union club, of Toronto, asking him and Mr Fuller, president of the central Farmers' Institute, to pay Napanee a visit in the interests of commercial union and cheese and butter making.

The secretary received a reply that Mr. Fuller could not come this fall. Mr. Shaw said he would come and asked if the institute would get other speakers, or if he would make the supply.

It was suggested that opposition speakers be secured if at all possible.

It was the general impression that it would be of more interest to the farmers, to have Commercial Union for the subject than butter and cheese.

Mr Pringle thought it better to have Messrs. Shaw and Prof. Smith and that the Toronto World be asked to send a man in opposition.

Moved by R. Switzer, seconded by C. W. Neville, that the meeting be held on Friday and Saturday, December 16th and 17th. The first days speaking to be held in the village of Odessa, and the second in Napanee. both discussions to be on Commercial Union. Carried.

A communication was read from Mr. J. Mills, of the Ontario Agricultural College, stating that the programme was now being made out and they would endeavor to send a man to address a meeting, in the interest of the institute of this place.

Moved by George Lott, seconded by R. Switzer, that the treasurer collect from the members their membership fees.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Dunbar seconded by C. W. Neville, that a pass book be furnished each director and that the names of the members be entered therein and that the directors collect the fees.

The amendment was carried.

On motion J. Dunbar was added to the board of directors for North Fredericksburgh, and B. E. Aysworth for Ernestown.

On motion the president, Mr Bogart and

nature, is more beautiful and wholesome than that which is artificially constructed.

#### Christians and Temperance Workers.

What are you doing for the young men of Napanee? You are no doubt doing something toward keeping them from drinking habits, but what are you giving them as a substitute, which will tend to keep them in the right direction. We all know and must admit, that it is impossible to keep them at home, after their day's work is done. They want companions, and companions they will have, and when out with these friends they generally find some resort where they can have a social chat and some amusement.

The only places which are now open to them, continually, are such as will influence them for evil rather than good, and where they find companions not desirable for any young men, and who will gradually draw them away from all that is good and ennobling.

Our young men must and will have companions, and they will have amusement; then why not give them in their proper place and without any evil influences.

Those who profess to care for these young men, should put their hands into their pockets, and prove their interest in their cause, by providing a set of rooms, where the young men will be able to have innocent amusement, literature of the day, companionship, and these all surrounded by christian influences.

The writer thinks there is nothing to compare in this way with a Young Men's Christian Association, where christian young men are working for the good of their fellows.

In an organization of this kind, you have almost, if not all, that is required, for the young men of Napanee, or any other town, and they would here be influenced continually for good, as well as be improved mentally, physically, morally, and spiritually.

The room should be supplied with the leading daily papers, with religious and secular periodicals, (carefully selected) and a number of innocent games, such as checkers, chess, croquet, dominoes, etc.

There is, no doubt, a great necessity for some such place in all towns and cities, and if the christian people, and those who profess to care so much for the young men, will not take some steps in this direction, from whom can it be expected, and to whom can we look for help.

I would like to hear soon of some steps being taken, and I hope that some christian young men of Napanee will be found, who are earnestly interested in their fellows to carry on the work.

Yours truly,

K. C. WATSON

—Mr C. E. Caiger, advertising agent for Toronto News, says, I was induced to try Nasal Balm for a severe and troublesome cold in the head. Once using it literally washed out the clogged secretions, and left my head as clear as a bell.

#### Not a Book Agent.

Perry & Co., Druggists, are not book agents, but have the agency in Napanee for Johnson's Tonic, which they can heartily recommend for any complaint to which a tonic medicine is applicable. This valuable medicine has been used with most astonishingly good results in cases of general debility, weakness, irregularities peculiar to females, extreme paleness, impoverishment of the blood, stomach and liver troubles, loss of appetite, and for that general worn out feeling that nearly everyone is troubled with at some part of the year. Don't forget the name Johnson's Tonic Bitters. 50c and \$1 per bottle at Perry & Co's drug store, Sole Agents.

#### Johnson's All Healing White Ointment

The wonderful healing and soothing properties of the above named salve have been found by many who have used it to be most efficacious in the treatment of salt rheum, pimples, blotches, boils, ulcers, scalds, burns, chafings, etc. One trial will be sufficient to prove that what we claim for it is correct. For sale at 25c. per box by Perry & Co. druggists, sole agents.

religion, politics or profession may be, no matter what the age, sex, employment or condition may be. THE INDEPENDENT will prove a help, an instructor, an educator. Our readers can do no less than send a postal for a free specimen copy or for thirty cents the paper will be sent a month, enabling one to judge of its merits more critically. Its yearly subscription is \$3.00, or two years for \$5.00.

Those who desire to subscribe for The American Agriculturist as well as THE INDEPENDENT cannot make a better bargain than by accepting THE INDEPENDENT's offer to send both papers for one year for the sum of \$3.75. Each subscriber will thus save seventy-five cents on the two papers.

Address, THE INDEPENDENT, 251 Broadway, New York City.

#### PERSONALS.

—Mr John Rennie was in town this week.  
—Mr J. Hall, tailor, has moved to Brampton.  
—Rev H. Williams was in town last week visiting friends.

—Mr Geo Hoag, night operator at Kingston, spent Sunday in town.

—Miss Kate Kenyon, of Slaven & Co's, left on Friday for her home in Odessa.

—Miss Lucy Madden, of Newburgh, is visiting this week at Mr K. J. Strong's.

—We regret to learn that Mrs J. H. Gallagher is very low with inflammation.

—Mr Jonathan Stoyel, of Guelph, has been visiting friends in town for a few days.

—Rev D. S. Houck, of the Newburgh circuit made a pleasant call upon us Wednesday.

—Mr W. M. F. Hawley, of Lansing, Mich., was this week the guest of Mr R. A. Shorey.

—Mr Ogden Finch, of Cheapside, was in Toronto and Hamilton this week buying goods.

—Mr R. S. Bailey, of Kingston, was in town over Sunday, on a visit to his sister, Mrs Gould.

—Geo A Booth, of Odessa, has returned from an extended trip to British Columbia on business.

—The friends of Mr Geo Napier will be pleased to know that he has so far recovered as to be able to be out.

—We are pleased to be able to state that Mr Chas James, J.R., has so far recovered as to be able to come down street.

—Miss Mary Ann Madden, of Verona, is very low and not expected to recover. She has been ill some time past.

—Miss Frankie Fraser, of Violet, daughter of Isaac Fraser, was married last week to an American, who carried her to his new home in New York State.

—Messrs J. R. Fraser and J. F. Sherman, of Tamworth, made a pleasant call upon us this week. So did the popular division court clerk of the Tamworth circuit, Mr Jas Aylsworth.

—Mr. Ira Pringle, and wife, left for San Jose, California, on Tuesday of last week. They will be absent about five months. They have gone via Los Angeles where they will spend a portion of their time.

—The many friends of Mr B. M. Britton, Q.C. of Kingston, will be pleased to know that his eldest son, Edward Halton, who is well known by a number here, has been sworn in as a barrister. We wish him success.

—Rev Andrew B. Chambers, L.L.B., of Montreal, well known in this section, has been invited to be the pastor of the Oshawa Methodist church next June, and will accept if the conference committee approve.

—On Wednesday night next, beginning at 7.30, a meeting in the interest of the Sons of England Benevolent Society will be held at a town hall, with the object of starting a lodge in Napanee. Past Grand President J. W. London, D.D.G.M., and Dr Hulme, surgeon of the Belleville lodge, will be present, and deliver addresses, on the objects and benefits of the order. The public are cordially invited.

—On Tuesday evening last St. Mary Magdeline church was well attended. Refreshment union, which was served at the first part of the evening, after which an excellent program was carried out, consisting of instrumental selections from Misses H. Daly, and R. Mills, and H. Hervey, and a reading by Mr. Jones and Mr. Jewell, and a collection was taken up.

board of directors for North Fredericksburgh, and B. E. Aylsworth for Ernestown.

On motion the president, Mr Bogart and W. N. Doller were appointed a committee to wait on the county council, asking them for their grant of 1887.

The same committee was appointed to solicit the government for their grant for 1887.

Those present then paid their fees for the year 1887.

On motion Messrs Neville, Pringle, Carscallen, Bogart, Doller, Lott, Chambers and Aylsworth, were appointed a committee to arrange for the Commercial Union meeting.

Moved by W. N. Doller, seconded by R. N. Switzer that M. Bogart be assistant secretary of this institute.

M Bogart brought up the subject of establishing creameries in the county. He understood that creameries were in operation in the west, assisted by the government, and it would be well to get figures as he understood that creameries were more profitable than cheese factories. Mr Fuller would be able to give full information regarding the matter.

Mr Doller stated that according to the latest figures, cheese factories were more profitable than creameries.

The institute adjourned, and the Commercial union committee was instructed to meet next Saturday afternoon at 2 p.m.

#### RE-OPENING SERVICES.

#### The Presbyterian Church to Open Again Sunday.

Our readers are reminded of the re-opening of the Presbyterian church of this town which takes place on Sunday next. As we stated last week the Rev M. W. McLean, M. A., of St Andrew's church, Belleville, will preach in the forenoon and Rev W. H. Emsley in the evening. There will be a gathering of the Sabbath School children and friends in the afternoon, at which addresses will be given by Rev Messrs Baker, of this town; Craig of Deseronto, and others. The public are invited. Collection at all services in aid of the repair fund.

On Monday evening a soiree will be held. Refreshments will be served in the basement at 7 o'clock sharp, after which there will be addresses in the church by the above named gentlemen and Rev. M. McGillivray, B.A., of Kingston, and Rev J. H. George, M.A., of Belleville. The choir, which has attained considerable reputation as a singing band, will furnish the music. Tickets: single, 40c; lady and gent 75c; children, 25c.

#### OBITUARY.

FREDONIA R. BALDWIN.

We glean the following facts from The Pacific Methodist of a recent date: Mrs Baldwin died at Stockton, Kansas, on Tuesday, October 15, 1887. She was the daughter of Garret and Emeline German, of North Fredericksburgh, and sister of Thomas B. German, deputy-reeve of that township. In December, 1874, the subject of this notice was married to Joseph Baldwin, and resided with him in this county until April, 1886, when they removed to Stockton. Deceased was an earnest christian and died trusting in her Saviour.

—Rev Eli Woodcock says, I have been severely troubled with catarrh for 15 years. On the recommendation of a friend I tried Nasal Balm. I have used part of a small bottle which has given me great relief.

#### A Matter of Economy.

As a matter of economy B.B.B. is the cheapest medicine in use for it takes less to cure chronic diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys and blood, than of any other known remedy. B. B. B. is only one dollar a bottle.

# NUTTIE'S FATHER.

## CHAPTER V.—(CONTINUED.)

"O don't leave off, mother. Do tell me. How long did you have him?"

"Six weeks then—and afterwards one fortnight at Dieppe. He was not free. He had an old uncle, General Egremont, who was sick and hot tempered, and he was obliged to keep everything secret from him, and therefore from everybody else. And so I was to live at Dieppe, while he went out to take care of his uncle, and you know—you know——"

"Yes, I know, dear mother. But I am sure he was saving somebody else, and it was a noble death! And I know how Aunt Ursel came to Dieppe, and how I—your own little Frenchwoman—came to take care of you. And haven't we been jolly without any of these fine relations that never looked after you all this time! Besides, you know he is very likely to be on a lonely coral island, and will come home yet. I often think he is."

"My dear child, I have been happier than I deserved," said Alice Egremont, drying her eyes. "But oh! Nuttie. I hope you will be a wiser woman than your mother."

"Come, don't go on in that way! Why, I've such advantages! I've Miss Mary, and Aunt Ursel, and Mr. Spyers, and Mr. Dutton, and you, you poor little thing, had nobody! One good thing is, we shall get the water-soldier. Mr. Dutton needn't come, for he's like a cat, and won't soil his boots, but Gerard is dying to get another look at the old ruin. He can't make up his mind about the cross on one of the stone-coffin lids, so he'll get it out of the pond for us. I wonder when we can go. To-night is choir practice, and to-morrow is cutting-out day."

Miss Headworth was not sorry that the small sociabilities of the friends did not leave her alone with her niece all that evening, or the next day, when there was a grand cutting-out for the working party,—an operation always performed in the holidays. Miss Headworth had of late years been excused from it, and it gave her the opportunity she wanted of a consultation with Mr. Dutton. He was her prime adviser in everything, from her investments (such as they were) to the eccentricities of her timepieces; and as the cuckoo-clock had that night cuckooed all the hours round in succession, no one thought it wonderful that she should send a twisted note entreating him to call as early as he could in the afternoon. Of course Nuttie's chatter had proclaimed the extraordinary visitors, and it needed not the old lady's dash under 'on an anxious affair' to bring him to her little drawing-room as soon as he could quit his desk. Perhaps he hastened his work with a hope in his heart which he durst not express, but the agitation on the usually placid face forbade him to entertain it for an instant, and he only said "So our expedition has led to unforeseen consequences, Miss Headworth." And then she answered under her breath, as if afraid of being overheard: "Mr. Dutton, my poor child does not know it yet, but the man is alive!"

Mr. Dutton compressed his lips. It was the greater shock, for he had actually made inquiries at the Yacht Club, but the officials there either had not been made aware of the reappearance of the two Egremonts, or they did not think it worth while to look beyond the record which declared that all hands had perished, and the connection of the uncle and nephew with the Yacht Club had not been renewed. Presently he said, "Then hers was a right instinct. There is reason to be thankful."

and looked at the door, as if she expected to see him appear that instant, clad in skins like Robinson Crusoe, but her aunt's nervous agitation found vent in a sharp reproof: "Nuttie, hold your tongue, and don't be such a foolish child, or I shall send you out of the room this instant!"

"But aunt!" gasped Alice, unable to bear the suspense.

"Yes, my poor dear child, Captain Egremont with the General got off with some of the crew in a boat when the *Ninon* was burnt. He spent a good many years abroad with the old man, but he has now inherited the family place, and is living there." Miss Headworth felt as if she had fired a cannon and looked to see the effect.

"Ah, if we could have stayed at Dieppe!" said Mrs. Egremont. "But we did write back to say where we could be heard of."

"That was of no use. Mark found no traces of us when he went thither."

"Did he send Mark?"

"No. My dear Alice, I must not conceal from you that this is all Mr. Mark Egremont's doing. He seems to have been helping his uncle with his papers when he came on the evidence of your marriage, and, remembering you as he does, he forced the confession of it from the captain, and of his own accord set forth to discover what had become of you and to see justice done to you."

"Dear little Mark!" said she; "he always was such an affectionate little boy."

"And now, my dear, you must consider how you will receive any advances on his part."

"Oh, Aunt Ursel, don't! I can't talk now. Please let me go to bed. Nuttie, dear, you need not come yet."

The desire for solitude, in which to realize what she had heard, was overpowering, and she fled away in the summer twilight, leaving Nuttie with wide open eyes, looking after her vanished hero and desert island.

"My poor Alice!" sighed the old lady.

"Aunt Ursel!" exclaimed Nuttie, "was—I mean—is my father a good or a bad man?"

"My dear, should a daughter ask such a question?"

"Aunt Ursel, I can't help it. I think I ought to know all about it," said Nuttie gravely, putting away her childishness and sitting down by her aunt. "I did not think so much of it when mother told me they eloped, because, though I know it was very wrong, people do odd things sometimes when they are very much in love (she said it in a superior patronising tone that would have amused Miss Headworth very much at any other time); and it has not spoiled mother for being the dearest, sweetest, best thing in the world, and, besides, they had neither of them any fathers or mothers to disobey. But, then, when I found he was so old, and that he kept it a secret, and must have told stories only for the sake of money (uttered with extreme contempt,) I didn't like it. And if he left her as Theseus left Ariadne, or Sir Lancelot left Elaine, I—I don't think it is nice. Do you think he only pretended to be lost in the *Ninon* to get rid of her, or that he could not find her?"

"The *Ninon* was really reported lost with all on board," said Miss Headworth. "That was ascertained. He was saved by a Chilean ship, and seems to have been a good while making his way back to Europe. I had taken care that our address should be known at Dieppe, but it is quite possible that he may not have applied to the right people or that they may not have preserved my letter, so that we cannot feel sure that he was to blame."

"If he had been worth anything at all, he would have moved heaven and earth to find her!" said Nuttie. "And now said

Leave was given, half reluctantly, and with a prohibition against mentioning the subject to any one else, but both mother and aunt had confidence in Mary Nugent's wisdom and discretion, so the two friends sat on the wall together, and Ursula poured out her heart. Poor little girl! she was greatly discomfited at the vanishing of her noble vision of the heroic self-devoted father, and ready on the other hand to believe him a villain, like Bertram Risingham, or "the Pirate," being possessed by this idea on account of his West Indian voyages. At any rate, she was determined not to be accepted or acknowledged without her mother, and was already rehearsing letters of refusal. Miss Mary listened and wondered, feeling sometimes as if this were as much a romance as the little yacht going down with the burning ship; and then came back the recollection that there was a real fact that Nuttie had a father, and that it was entirely uncertain what part he might take, or what the girl might be called on to do. Considering anxiously these bearings of the question, she scarcely heard what she was required to assent to, in one of Nuttie's eager, "Don't you think so?"

"My dear Nuttie," she said, rousing herself, "what I do think is that it will all probably turn out exactly contrariwise to our imaginations, so I believe it would be wisest to build up as few fancies as possible, but only to pray that you may have a right judgment in all things, and have strength to do what is right, whatever you may see that to be."

"And of course that will be to stick by mother."

"There can be little doubt of that, but the how? No, dear, do not let us devise all sorts of *hows* when we have nothing to go upon. That would be of no use, and only perplex you when the time comes. It would be much better to "do the next thing," and read our *Marie Stuart*."

Nuttie pouted a little, but submitted, though she now and then broke into a translation with "You know mother will never stand up for herself," or "They think I shall be asked to stay with the Egremonts, but I must work up for the exam."

However, the school habit of concentrating her attention prevailed, and the study quieted Nuttie's excitement. The expedition took place as arranged. There was a train which stopped so that the party could go down by it, and the distance was not too great for walking back.

Mr. Dutton met them on the platform, well armed with his neat silk umbrella, and his black poodle, Monsieur, trotting solemnly after him. Gerard Godfrey bore materials for an exact transcript of the Abbot's monumental cross, his head being full of church architecture, while Nuttie carried a long green tin case, or vasculum as she chose to call it, with her three vowels, U A E, and the stars of the Little Bear conspicuously painted on it in white.

"You did not venture on that the other day," said Mr. Dutton. "How much of the park do you mean to carry away in it?"

"Let me take it," said Gerard politely. "No, thank you. You'd leave it behind, while you were pottering over the mouldings."

"You are much more likely to leave it behind yourself."

"What—with my soldier, my *Stratiotes*, in it? I think I see myself."

"Give it to me," said Gerard. "Of course I can't see you carrying a great thing like that."

"Can't you, indeed?"

"Gently, gently, my dear," said Miss Mary, as the young people seemed very near a skirmish, and the train was sweeping up. Then there was another small scuffle, for Nuttie had not her heart on the thing

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the uncle and nephew with the Yacht Club had not been renewed. Presently he said, "Then hers was a right instinct. There is reason to be thankful."

Miss Headworth was too full of her own anxieties to heed his causes for thankfulness. She told what she had heard from Lady Kirkaldy and from Mark Egremont, and asked counsel whether it could be Alice's duty to return to the man who had deserted her, or even to accept anything from him. There was an impetuous and indignant spirit at the bottom of the old lady's heart, in spite of the subdued life she had led for so many years, and she hardly brooked the measured considerate manner in which Captain Egremont made the first move. At present no one was acting but young Mark, and, as Mr. Dutton observed, it was not a matter in which a man was very likely to submit to a nephew's dictation.

There was certainly no need for Mrs. Egremont to force her presence on him. But Mr. Dutton did think that for her own sake and her child's there ought to be full recognition of their rights, and that this should be proved by their maintenance.

"I imagine that Ursula may probably be a considerable heiress, and her rights must not be sacrificed."

"Poor little girl! Will it be for her happiness? I doubt it greatly!"

"Of that I suppose we have no right to judge," said Mr. Dutton, somewhat tremulously. "Justice is what we have to look to, and to allow Nuttie to be passed over would be permitting a slur to be cast on her and her mother."

"I see that," said Miss Headworth, with an effort. "I suppose I am after all a selfish, faithless old woman, and it is not in my hands after all. But I must prepare my poor Alice for what may be coming."

"If any terms are offered to her, she had better put the matter into the lawyer's hands. Dobson would be a safe man to deal with."

Miss Headworth was amazed that he—who had helped her in many a little question bordering on law—should not proffer his aid now in this greatest stress. He was a resolute, self-controlled man, and she never guessed at the feeling that made him judge himself to be no fitting champion for Alice Egremont against her husband. Ever since, ten years ago, he had learned that his beautiful neighbour did not regard herself so certainly a widow as to venture to open her heart to any other love, he had lived patiently on, content to serve her as a trustworthy friend, and never betraying the secret hope so long cherished and now entirely crushed.

He was relieved to escape from the interview, and the poor old lady remained a little more certain as to her duty perhaps, but with a certainty that only made her more unhappy, and she was so restless and nervous that, in the middle of the evening's reading of Archbishop Trench's *Lectures on History*, Alice suddenly broke off in the very middle of a sentence and exclaimed, "Aunt Ursel! you are keeping something from me."

Miss Headworth made a faint attempt by saying something about presently, and glancing with her eyes to indicate that it was to be reserved till after Nuttie's bedtime, but the young lady comprehended the signs and exclaimed, "Never mind me, Aunt Ursel, I know all about mother; she told me last night."

"It is!" broke in Mrs. Egremont, who had been watching her aunt's face. "You have heard of him."

"Oh, my father! You really have!" cried Nuttie. "Then he really was on the desert island all this time; I was quite sure of it. How delightful!" She jumped up

he was to blame."

"If he had been worth anything at all, he would have moved heaven and earth to find her!" cried Nuttie; "and you said yourself it was all that Mark's doing!"

"He seems to be a very upright and generous young man, that Mr. Mark Egremont," said Miss Headworth, a whole romance as to Nuttie's future destiny sweeping across her mind in an instant, with a mental dispensation to first cousins in such a case. "I think you will find him a staunch companion ever against his own interests."

Perceptions came across Nuttie. "Oh, then I am a sort of lost heiress, like people in a story! I see! But, Aunt Ursel, what do you think will happen?"

"My dear child, I cannot guess in the least. Perhaps the Egremont property will not concern you, and only go to male heirs. That would be the best thing, since in any case you must be sufficiently provided for. Your father must do that."

"But about mother?"

"A proper provision must be insisted on for her," said Miss Headworth. "It is no use, however, to speculate on the future. We cannot guess how Mr. Mark Egremont's communication will be received, or whether any wish will be expressed for your mother's rejoining your father. In such a case the terms must be distinctly understood, and I have full trust both in Mr. Mark and in Lady Kirkaldy as her champions to see that justice is done to you both."

"I'm sure he doesn't deserve that mother should go to him."

"Nor do I expect that he will wish it, or that it would be proper; but he is bound to give her a handsome maintenance, and I think most probably you will be asked to stay with your uncle and cousins," said Miss Headworth, figuring to herself a kind of Newstead Abbey or some such scene of constant orgies at Bridgefield Egremont.

"I shall accept nothing from the family that does not include mother," said Nuttie.

"Dear child, I foresee many trials, but you must be her protector."

"That I will," said Nuttie; and in the gallant purpose she went to bed, to find her mother either asleep or feigning slumber with tears on her cheek.

## CHAPTER VI.

### THE WATER-SOLDIER.

"Presumptuous maid, with looks intent,  
Again she stretched, again she bent,  
Nor knew the gulf between."—GRAY.

It all seemed like a dream to Ursula, perhaps likewise to her mother, when they rose to the routine of daily life with the ordinary interests of the day before them. There was a latent unwillingness in Mrs. Egremont's mind to discuss the subject with either aunt or daughter; and when the post brought no letter, Ursula, after a moment's sense of flatness, was relieved, and returned to her eager desire to hurry after the water-soldier. It was feasible that very afternoon. Mary Nugent came in with the intelligence.

"And can Gerard come? or shall we only look at it?"

"Yea, Gerard can come, and so will Mr. Dutton," said Mary, who, standing about half-way between Mrs. Egremont and her daughter, did not think herself quite a sufficient chaperon.

"He will look on like a hen at her ducklings," said Nuttie. "It is cruel to take him, poor man!"

"Meantime, Nuttie, do you like an hour of *Marie Stuart*?"

"Oh, thank you!" But she whispered,

"Aunt Ursel, may I tell her?"

"Ask your mother, my dear."

Gently, gently, my dear," said Miss Mary, as the young people seemed very near a skirmish, and the train was sweeping up. Then there was another small scuffle, for Nuttie had set her heart on the third class; but Mr. Dutton had taken second-class tickets, and was about to hand them into a carriage whence there had just emerged a very supercilious black-moustached valet, who was pulling out a leather-covered dressing-case, while Gerard was consoling Nuttie by telling her that Monsieur never deigned to go third class.

"It is a smoking carriage," said Miss Nugent, on the step. "Pah! how it smells," as she jumped back.

"Beautiful backy—a perfect nosegay," said Gerard. "Trust that fellow for having the best."

"His master's, no doubt," suggested Mr. Dutton.

"You'd better go in it, to enjoy his reversion," said Nuttie.

"And where's my escort, then?"

"Oh, I'm sure we don't want you."

"Nuttie, my dear," expostulated Miss Nugent, dragging her into the next carriage.

"You may enjoy the fragrance still," said Nuttie when seated. "Do you see—there's the man's master; he has stood him up against that post, with his cigar, to wait while he gets out the luggage. I daresay you can get a whiff if you lean out far enough."

"I say! that figure is a study!" said Gerard. "What is it that he is so like?"

"Oh! I know," said Nuttie. "It is Lord Frederick Verisopht, and the bad gentlefolks in the pictures to the old numbers of Dickens that you have got, Miss Mary. Now, isn't he? Look! only Lord Frederick wasn't fat."

Nuttie was in a state of excitement that made her peculiarly unmanageable, and Miss Nugent was very grateful to Mr. Dutton for his sharp though general admonition against staring, while, under pretext of disposing of the umbrella and the vasculum, he stood up, so as to block the window till they were starting.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

### Too Late.

Mr. George Kennan, the Siberian traveller and writer, has been blacklisted by the Russian Government and will not be permitted to re-enter the Czar's dominions. "I expected, of course," says Mr. Kennan, "to be put on the Russian blacklist. I am only thankful that I succeeded in crossing the frontier with all my material and papers coming this way. The outside of the Russian frontier line is a good enough side for me at present. I became satisfied before I got half through Siberia that I should never be permitted to go there again, and that after the publication of my papers no other foreigner would be allowed to make investigations there, and I lost no possible opportunity to secure accuracy and thoroughness. I brought back more than fifty pounds of notes, papers and original documents, many of the latter from secret Government archives, besides 500 or 600 foolscap pages of manuscript prepared for me by political exiles in all parts of Siberia, and covering the most noteworthy episodes in their lives. I visited every convict mine in Siberia, and every convict prison except one, and I believe I know the exile system better than most officers of the exile administration, and far better than any outsider. I can regard the blacklisting, therefore, with a certain degree of complacency. The stable door is locked, but the horse has been stolen—and I've got him."

A good man may serve the public and himself in any station.

## SCIENTIFIC AND USEFUL.

Tobacco, contrary to the common belief, does not destroy disease-germs. Smoking will not confer immunity from contagion.

Dr. Martineau, a French physician, asserts that carbonate of lithia and arseniate of soda in aerated water, used to the exclusion of other drinks, is almost infallible for diabetes.

It is popularly supposed that flame, or at least a temperature equal to the white or red heat of iron, is necessary to ignite benzene vapour, but this is a mistake. Friction can develop sufficient electricity to inflame benzene vapour, especially if the surface rubbed be very dry or varnished with shellac.

The locomotive is recommended as a cheap hygrometer for farmers and others living near railways. When the escaping steam remains long suspended the air is near its point of saturation with moisture; but, when the steam quickly disappears, as if swallowed up, the weather is dry, and there is little prospect of rain.

Should a horse refuse to drink, and cough after swallowing a little, it indicates sore-throat or swelling of the glands of the neck. It is one of the symptoms of distemper. Give the horse a warm bran mash, with one drachm of chlorate of potash in it, daily for a week or ten days. There is nothing serious to be apprehended.

When milk is slowly and partially frozen, the ice takes up the greater part of the cream; the unfrozen remainder contains the casein, milk, sugar, and salts, but, in consequence of its loss of cream, appears like diluted milk, and would be described as such if merely tested by the ordinary lactometric instrument. Milk which has been frozen should therefore be well thawed and shaken up, and not sold whilst any ice is visible.

Polish suitable for polishing pianos: A fine varnish is made as follows. Take seven hundred parts of alcohol, fifteen parts of copal, seven parts of gum-arabic, and thirty parts of shellac. The resins are first pulverised and bolted through a piece of muslin, the powder is placed in a flask, the alcohol poured over it, and the flask corked. By putting the flask in a moderately warm place, the solution will be accomplished in two or three days. It is then strained through muslin and kept in hermetically sealed bottles.

Coal-ashes are of some value as a fertiliser, especially to mix with clayey soil. But the use to make of the ashes is for roads and paths. A good covering, over which a little soil is thrown, will soon form a hard solid road. To make a better walk, prepare and level the bed, excavating it a few inches below the general surface. Pour on a coating of coal-tar and cover it thickly with coal-ashes. When this is dry, repeat with another coat of tar and ashes, and so on, until there are four coats of tar and as many of ashes. In a short time this will harden and make a walk as hard as stone.

### Sir Charles Dilke's Reception by the Sultan.

Sir Charles Dilke, on his recent visit to Constantinople, did not expect to see the Sultan, and declined to ask for an audience. He was, therefore, agreeably surprised to receive a visit from an imperial chamberlain, who made an offer to Sir Charles, in the Sultan's name, of the Grand Cordon of the Medjidie, and to Lady Dilke of the Chefakat.

He also signified that a private audience would be granted to Sir Charles, who naturally availed himself of this favor, and remained a long time with Abdul Hamid. At the close of the audience the Sultan expressed a wish to make the acquaintance of Lady Dilke, and said: "Come and dine here

## PLEADING WITH A SAVAGE KING.

### Efforts of the English to Stop the Terrible Angoni Raids.

Many years ago a large number of adventurous Zulus left their own country and travelled hundreds of miles north, until they reached the region of Lake Nyassa. There they settled and multiplied, some of them making their homes among the highlands west of the big lake, and others travelling around the north end of the lake and settling on the northeast side of it. They still wear on their heads the ring that denotes a Zulu warrior and they speak the Zulu language in a corrupted form. They are the best fighters of the Nyassa region and have long been the terror of all the other tribes living around the lake. They travel with great celerity, and sometimes go a hundred miles or more on slave and cattle stealing raids. Large regions have been almost wholly depopulated by these terrible raids, and the remnants of several once prosperous tribes are now living on mountain tops eking out a most miserable existence, and never free from the fear that their enemies will seek them out, even in the fastnesses to which they have retreated.

Ever since Livingston first visited the Nyassa region we have heard of these terrible Angoni west of the lake. Every year the missionaries at Blantyre, south of Lake Nyassa, have sent home reports of Angoni raids in the fertile districts around them. Several missionaries have visited them, and two years ago Mr. Montagu Kerr, formerly a Wall street broker, spent some time in their chief town and wrote an entertaining description of these remarkable people. It has long been evident that unless their raids were stopped the work of depopulation would go on until thousands of square miles were swept clear of inhabitants.

The pitiful reports sent to England by the missionaries induced the British Government recently to send Mr. Hawes, the English-Consul in the Nyassa territory, to the King of the Angoni, to see if he could not be persuaded to give up his terrible raids. The King was notified that the representative of a great Queen was coming to see him, and he received Consul Hawes with much display of good will and with all the honors he could render. He told Mr. Hawes that he wished to live on good terms with the English, and he said that as far as Angoni were concerned he would guarantee the safety of all the missionary stations. He was not quite so ready to promise to discontinue his incursions among the tribes south and east of the great lake, but after many discussions of the matter he finally promised that his warriors should not cross the Shire River, through which the waters of Nyassa pour into the Zambesi. It remains to be seen whether his promise is worth anything. If he keeps his word, a very large district in one of the fairest parts of Africa that was once the home of a large and comparatively peaceful population, will in future be spared the terrible Angoni raids. It is in this region that the African Lakes Company has opened some coffee plantations, and quite a number of white men are there engaged in missionary and commercial pursuits.

Mr. Hawes says that the Angoni yield the most implicit obedience to the commands of their King, and he was impressed by the great consideration the King and all his officers received from their people.

### Two Bad Men.

Mr. Frith, R. A., in his recently-published autobiography, has an interesting reminiscence of the Princess of Wales. When painting her portrait, he describes himself as reduced to despair through discovering

## THE LIME-KILN CLUB.

"If I war' to lib my life over agin I should seek to be a philosopher," said Brother Gardner, as the thermometer marked ninety-eight degrees in Paradise Hall. "I has spent a good sheer of de las sixty y'ars fightin' philosophy, an' feel dat it has been de wuss fur me. If I had de chance to begin all ober agin, I should do differently.

"As a baby, I should reason dat de mo' I slept de faster I would grow, an' de faster I grew de sooner I'd get beyand babyhood.

"As a child, I should reason dat bumps, thumps, falls an' heart-aches war' a part an' parcel of my lot, an' de mo' I had of 'em de tuffer I would grow.

"As a youth, I'd take a bit of c'talk an' figger up dat I'd git about so many lickin's a week—hev about so many fights wid de boys—I'arn about so much rascality—be disappointed about so often.

"As a young man, I'd figger dat de world was heah b'fo' I was heard of; dat I'd be stepped on about twice a week; dat I couldn't reform nobody nor nu'hin'; dat de mo' anxious I was to upshot things de mo' shoe-leather I'd wear out; dat de churches could be left to de preachers, an' de gov'ment to de pollytiahuns.

"As an ole man I'd feel dat what is ar' all right. I'd take my blizzards in de winter—my roastin' in de summer—births, deaths, joys, sorrows, fears, hopes an' all dat as sunthin' dat had to come in dis life an' be put up wid to de best of our ability. You may figger an' figger, but I'm tellin' you dat de man who kin find a wallet in de road to-day—lose his mule by death to-morrow—diskiber dat his wife has eloped de day arter, an' turn up at de reg'lar Friday evenin' prayer meetin' in good shape am gwine to take a big sheer of dis world's comforts an' git to Heaben jist as soon as de rest of us. Let us now purceed wid de reg'lar order of bizness."

### NOT ENCOURAGED.

The Secretary announced a communication from the Hon. Gigback Taylor, a resident of one of the suburbs of Montgomery, Ala., known as "Vesuvius," stating his readiness to journey to Detroit and appear before the club and deliver his lecture on: "Is the world Growing Badder—She Is." He didn't want to make any money out of the club, and would, therefore, come if all his expenses were paid and he was presented with a pair of two-shilling suspenders when he left for home.

Pickles Smith, who had his wheelbarrow stolen the other day, and, consequently, believes in the badness of the world, moved that the terms of the speaker be accepted, but the President waved him aside and said:

"We kin not incourage de Hon. gem'lan to put in an appearance. In de fust place de price am too high; in de next place, if de world am growin' badder we can't help it, an' his lektur' won't make it any better. 'deed, I can't accept his conclusion at all. Now an' den some one may break into my hen-coop, pizen my dog or stick me wid a lead nickle, but de world in gincral can't be held to blame fur it. I believe we ar' growin' better—much better."

### A VAIN APPEAL.

Some time since the branch club at Halifax bounced a member named Limited Johnson for having declared his belief that the world was flat. He was given every opportunity to retract and change his opinions, but he positively refused to do so. When his name was erased from the books he made an appeal to the home club to be reinstated. This appeal was referred to the Committee on Astronomy for investigation and report, and the Chairman now

made a long time with Abdul Hamid. At the close of the audience the Sultan expressed a wish to make the acquaintance of Lady Dilke, and said: "Come and dine here with her on Monday, at sunset."

Sir Charles could not accept the Medjidie, but his wife wore the Turkish order in going to the dinner, which was served at 6. A band played in an adjoining hall. The chief civil and military officers of the Sultan were at table. The imperial host had been told that Lady Dilke was an authoress, and he informed her that he meant to get her "Shrine of Death" translated into Turkish.

When the English guests were leaving, the Sultan took up a small packet which he asked Sir Charles to accept, "though of no intrinsic value, it contained some views of Constantinople." When it was opened at the hotel, the packet was found to contain a gold cigarette-box, with enamelled views of Constantinople set in brilliants. An irade was also given to enable Sir Charles and Lady Dilke to see the treasure and the palaces; and, if it did not, said the Father of the Faithful, cover everything, further facilities would be granted.

The Vicar-General called on Sir Charles and his wife to express the desire of the Greek Patriarch to see them. They were received by him, attended by the Synod, containing seven Archbishops. The Patriarch gave his visitors his blessing, telling them when he did so how "truly glad and deeply moved he was at receiving one who had done so much for the Greek cause." Finally, they were shown the relics of St. Chrysostom and the treasure of the Greek Church.

#### Mastodons Said to be Still Alive in Alaska.

In conversation with D. H. Summers, formerly of Denver, Col., who came out this fall with a party of miners from Forty Mile Creek, we learned that the existence of living mastodons as not the mere fabrications of Northern furriers, but that the Stick Indians had positively told him that such animals had been seen by them. One of the Indians said that while hunting one day in that unknown section he came across an immense track sunk to a depth of several inches in moss. It much resembled an elephant's track but was larger round than a barrel. The Indian followed up this curious track, which to all appearance was very fresh, tracking from one immense stride to another, a distance of some miles, when he came in full view of his game. The hunter gave one look, then turned and fled. These Indians as a rule, are the bravest hunters. With no other weapon than their spear they will attack and kill a grizzly, but the immense proportions of this new style of game both startled and filled the hunter, brave as he was, with fear. He described it as being larger than Post Trader Harper's store, with great shining yellowish tusks and a mouth large enough to swallow him at a single gulp. He said the animal was doubtless similar to those which furnished the immense bones scattered over that section. If such animals are now in existence, and Mr. Summers has no reason to doubt the veracity of the Indian, as other Indians, and also Mr. Harper confirmed it, they inhabit a section very high in altitude, but rarely visited by human beings. We have also no reason to doubt the Indian tale, for at no very distant period Yukeon country was inhabited by these animals, as hundreds of their massive skeletons strewn along the creeks are silent but truthful witnesses. On Forty Mile Creek bones can be found projecting partly from the sand and among the driftwood of the stream on the creek below these these skre also eletons, quite numerous.

Potatoes are advancing in price with a rapidity that causes the economical house-keeper no little anxiety.

ed autobiography, has an interesting reminiscence of the Princess of Wales. When painting her portrait, he describes himself as reduced to despair through discovering that the illustrious young lady did not know that the keeping her face in one position was necessary to enable an artist to catch a resemblance of it. "That first sitting can I ever forget? I did not dare to complain till after two or three more fruitless attempts. With downright failure staring me in the face, I opened my heart to the Prince of Wales. 'You should scold her,' said the Prince. Just at this time the Princess was sitting for her bust to the celebrated sculptor Gibson, R. A., in a room at Marlborough House. I was sent for by the Prince, and, before I was admitted to an interview, I was shown into the sculptor's studio, and found him waiting for a sitting from the Princess. The bust was already in an advanced stage. I did not think it was very like, and, in reply to Gibson, said so. 'Well, you see,' said Gibson, 'the Princess is a delightful lady; but she can't sit a bit.' Just at this moment I was summoned to the Prince, whom I found with the Princess; and I saw, or thought I saw, a sort of pretty smiling pout, eloquent of reproof and of half-anger with me. The Prince had something to show me—photographs, I think—and then he led the way to Gibson, the Princess and I following. No sooner did we find ourselves in the sculptor's presence than—after some remarks upon the bust—the Prince said, 'How do you find the Princess sit, Mr. Gibson?' 'Now,' thought I, 'if ever man was in an awkward fix, you are, Mr. Gibson; for, after what you said to me a few minutes ago, you cannot, in my presence, compliment the beautiful model on her sitting.' The Prince looked at Gibson, and Gibson looked in dead silence at the Prince, and then at the Princess; he then looked again at the Prince, smiled, and shook his head. 'There, you see—you sit properly neither to Mr. Gibson nor to Mr. Frith.' 'I do—I do!' said the lady. 'You are two bad men!' After this however all smiled, and everything went well.

#### He Wasn't Color Blind.

Mrs. Jonsing—"Wy, Sam, yo look tired. Wat yo work so hard for?"

"We got to arn a libin."

Mrs. J.—"Wy don't you be a loafer?"

Sam—"Whars de bred and butter comin' from?"

Mrs. J.—"Wy, honey, go into politics and get a office."

Sam—"Wat, me, American bawn, mix wid dose low white trash,—dose Canuckers, dose Sectchers, and dose Irishers! You insult me."

#### Mr. Jones Makes a Proposal.

Mr. Jones (in a voice slightly husky)—"Miss Smith, before I say good night I want to ask you—that is, I would—er—er—do you think you could—er—"

Miss Smith (faintly)—"Pray go on, Mr. Jones."

Mr. Jones—"Could you, do you think—er—bring me a glass of ice water?"

#### One Thing Besides Pie.

Guest—What you got for dessert, waiter?

Waiter.—Dar's pie, sah.

Guest—Nothing after pie?

Waiter.—No, sah; nuffin' but feelin' de waitah.

#### A Plausible Suggestion.

Sharp-visaged Female (to grocer's boy)—"I've waited here so long, young man, that I forgot what I cum for."

Grocer's Boy (meekly suggestive)—"P'raps it's winegar, mum."

made an appeal to the home club to be reinstated. This appeal was referred to the Committee on Astronomy for investigation and report, and the Chairman now reported:

"When a pusson stands in de middle of a cotton field an' squints dis way an' dat way it 'pears to him dat de world am flat. We doan' blame Brudder Johnson for believin' his eyes, but we blame him fur not believin' in geography. Geography says de world am round. All the white folks say so. All de intelligent cull'ud people say so. It's sartin den dat de world am round. A member of a lodge dat believes otherwise wouldn't stop dar. He'd soon assert dat de world wobbled instead of turned, an' dat de moon was hung up dar on purpose to uake onions grow at night. He'd keep de lodge stirred up and everybody mad, an' de result kin easily be predicted. De offishul appeal of Limited Johnson to be reinstaten am, darfo' denied, an' de ackshun of de Halifax branch in droppin' him from de rolls is sustained by a large majority."

On motion of Trustee Pullback the report was accepted and adopted.

#### LESS PREACHING—MORE WORK.

A communication from the Rev. Moses Green, of Franklin, Ky., was then announced. The Rev. Green stated that he was a preacher in search of a flock, and wanted to know what the chances were in the North. The ranks were not only overcrowded in the South, but the recompense in dollars and cents was so small that colored preachers had the hardest kind of work to live and maintain their dignity.

"I reckon dat's a fack't," said Brother Gardner as he scanned the communication. "De Seckretary will answer him kindly but firmly. Let him be informed dat dar' am no vacancies in de No'th, an' let him understand dat it am our advice dat he orter preach les an' work mo'. If ebery cull'd man in de South who feels dat he orter preach could make a libin' dat way dar' wouldn't be 'nuff folks left to chop out de cotton an' hoe de co'n. Dar's too much preachin' and too many preachers down dar'. A reasonable amount of religion am a good thing to hev, an' none of us should neglect it, but between two services on Sunday, two prayer-meetin's a week, de Saturday holiday an' gwine to de depot in de mawnin' an' to de postoffis at night, de cull'd brudder south of de Ohio Riber has got about all he kin attend to. It mought not be a bad thing fur him to drop some of his religun, an' fur seberal thousand preachers to pick up de hoe an' go to work."

#### PROGRESSING SATISFACTORILY.

Whalebone Howker then secured the floor to make an inquiry. He wanted to know if the fishery dispute with Canada had yet been settled. He hadn't had a good night's sleep since the talk of war, and his wife had quit buying fish with a Canadian look around the gills for fear they had been poisoned by the enemy.

"De Cha'r am happy to state in reply," said the President, "dat de matter am under advisement an' 'progressin' in a satisfactory manner. Dar' won't be any fout between dis kentry an' Canada, an' de time am not fur distant when de Yankee an' de Canuck will once mo' sit on de same log an' spit on deir bait in unison. Let us go home."

Miss Clara Noon, who teaches school at Sabina, Ohio, caught a pupil in a falsehood, and, to punish him for lying, scrubbed out his mouth with soap and water. The boy's parents objected to this form of punishment and preferred charges. The trustees, after a bitter trial, upheld the young school-marm.

# DEFEATING DEATH.

## A STORY OF FAR WESTERN LIFE.

"Good-bye, John; take good care of yourself and come back as soon as you can."

"Good-bye, Nellie, dear, and don't forget me while I am away."

Their hands warmly pressed each other as their lips would have done had not others been near. Then they separated. Nellie Browning watched the tall, strong form of John King until it was lost in the high grass of the prairie and with a sigh returned to duty.

Never before had the little isolated way station on the Canadian Pacific seemed so dull, the clink of the telegraph instrument so monotonous. There was literally nothing for her to do after the customary "putting to rights." No train would pass for hours, messages seldom troubled her, she had exhausted her little stock of reading. What could she do to make the hours pass less wearily?

She rested her head upon the key-board and gave herself to pleasant waking dreams, to mentally following her lover and murmuring aloud of the pictures thought photographed upon her heart.

"It will take John all day to inspect the line to the little wooden island in the middle of the prairie, and he will have to sleep there alone in the log cabin. I wonder if he will think of me all the time, as I will of him? How I wish I could be with him!"

But do what she would her thoughts wandered to her lover, the lack of comfort he would experience, and the happy day when she would have the right to be ever by his side.

As if the hours had become leaden-footed they crept along. At noon she listlessly ate the lunch she had brought from her farm home; then wished night would hurry along that she might be with her lover, at least in dreams.

Darkness did come after long and weary waiting; her hours of duty had ended and she was preparing to leave when the station was called and she was told in clicking whispers that on account of an extra that was wildcatting she would have to remain until midnight.

With the reverse of a pleasant expression upon her face and an almost defiant tossing back of her auburn curls she sat down again. The workmen about the station went home and left her alone; the frogs croaked mournfully from a neighboring slough and the wires made weird music as the brisk night wind played upon them. But the experience was not new to her; there was nothing to fear and her father would come for her when the night was done.

Eight, nine, ten passed and the silence was becoming painful. Something must be done. She failed to remember being so much oppressed by the lack of society and wondered how Robinson Crusoe could have existed before his man Friday. Then she thought of a female friend who was operator at the next westward station, and, nearly dying for some one to talk to, summoned "Sterling."

There was no reply. Try as she would directly she could get none, but utilizing a circuit she was answered and asked:

"What is the matter with the main line?"

"Matter enough," was answered, and her trained ear instantly told her the touch was not of a delicately fingered girl, but a heavy-handed man. "The prairie is all on fire between here and Buffalo Heart Grove; that is beginning to burn and when the

thread of beaten earth, with fire swiftly rushing toward it from either side.

The horse, brave and blooded as he was, hesitated, as well he might; but the hand of the rider was firm and the whip merciless. A brief hour had transformed the gentle girl into a woman maddened by love and superior to danger. The one idea that had taken possession of brain and pulsing heart remained permanent. John King was in danger of being consumed. She must him save or—

And very soon the horse became mad as well. With long and seemingly tireless strides he stretched himself. His dark skin was flecked with foam, his sides were heaving as a bellows, like escaping steam his breath was blown, his eyes were red with exertion and his frame trembling with excitement.

On, on they pressed, on thus far in little danger, for the fire was yet at a distance. But with every moment it became nearer, nearer, closed upon them, and blazing sparks fell thick as rain.

On, on, and the flames leaped upward and at times closed over their heads; they were rushing as through a tunnel of hissing, roaring fire; it was crowding in upon them, was beneath their feet, was playing in fantastic shapes around and above.

Mad as the girl was with desire to reach her lover the horrors of the situation were forced upon her brain. She bowed her head to the fiery storm, shielded her face and often extinguished her blazing dress; spoke encouragingly to the horse, patted his quivering neck, used the deep-cutting lash, cutting a hundred times more cruelly, for his sides were cracking with the heat and blood was oozing from the blistered wounds.

On, still on, but more slowly at every stride, with steps less firm and secure, breath more scant, courage less high and pace less swift. Never yet steed that could long bear such a fearful strain; never flesh that could resist a prairie fire with hundreds of acres of dry, tall grass and reeds for fuel and fanned by a gale.

On! The girl shielded her eyes with her trembling hands, and above the smoke saw the waving of trees. As yet the furious fire had not reached, at least not penetrated, them. There was life, safety, and, more than all, love. Could she reach them? A scanty half mile had yet to be travelled. Instinct, often as clear to discovery as mind, told the horse of the situation as clearly as her eyes. She called upon him, and he answered; she bowed to the saddle, she shut her eyes and then!

The flames swirled around, they were wrapped as in a winding sheet of them, the red forked tongues touched them with blistering kisses, the wind roared through the gigantic furnace, the earth was hot beneath, the air burning above; deer, wolf, every creeping thing were outfooted in the race, were beaten down by a swift death, and how could they possibly escape.

On! Between them and the sheltering trees but a few rods remained; but a few feet. Could they be overcome? Voice and lash urged the noble horse on. He struggled to obey, but his best efforts were becoming feebler, his heart was beating slow, the iron-muscle limbs were fast becoming useless. A single burst of speed, as at the beginning would have been enough—the racing of a few seconds all that was required.

Frantically the girl shouted, in despair she lashed the reeking sides. The horse gathered for a supreme effort, reeled, staggered, fell even as the wind roared and the fire hissed more savagely.

But the impulse had been sufficient to

## MISCELLANEOUS.

A Maine man has had an encounter with a bear. The doctor used up four spools of silk and broke thirty-nine needles in sewing him up, and it takes three hours a day to dress his wounds.

In China the rule of the road is to keep to the left, but the coolie bearers can't be taught to mind it, and there are frequent collisions, in which the women or others in the jinrichshas or sedan chairs are badly hurt.

Texas prospectors recently saw a battle between eight big gray wolves and a herd of 300 cattle. The wolves separated a cow and calf from the rest and attacked them. The herd came to the rescue, and drove the wolves away.

"Hold this baby while I have a fight with that man," said an East Boston woman to a sailor who had just come ashore. The sailor, always ready to be entertained, took the infant, and the woman took the man's arm and walked away.

A man has been discovered in Portland, Me., who has been for many years a secret agent of the Mormon Church. It is said that he has made a number of converts in Maine and Massachusetts, and has shown his faith by his works, having taken seven wives.

Miss Laura Winkler of Iowa is one of the most successful temperance workers in the State. The fact that she is totally blind seems no bar to her vigorous work in her favorite field, the workshop, where she makes strong and personal appeals to men to give up liquor drinking.

Two items of show news come from across the Atlantic. One is that in London a pack of trained wolves are delighting the little folks by doing tricks such as are taught to performing dogs; the other is that in Paris a lot of cats are doing much the same tricks at the Winter Circus.

Corea recently broke down her ancient barriers so far as to send an envoy to Japan, but the Government was so poor that it could not support him, and, soon coming to the end of his resources, he had to ask aid of the Japanese Government to avoid being put in desperate straits.

An immense picture of the crucifixion was recently found painted in oil with a great deal of artistic skill on the wall of a cave on the island of Davaar, in Campbellton harbor, Scotland. The discovery made a great sensation until a Mr. Archibald McKinnon acknowledged that it had been painted by him.

The boys on an English reform ship in the Mersey mutinied recently, and for several hours were in possession of the ship. They smashed the furniture and did a great deal of damage, after which seventeen of the worst ringleaders lowered a boat and escaped to the shore. Some of them were recaptured.

Senorita Matilde Montoya is the first Mexican girl to become a doctor. A committee of young men of the City of Mexico got up a bull fight in honor of her courage, and devoted the proceeds to the purchase of books and instruments for her. In the bull fight two of the toreros were hurt, one of them seriously.

A Hungarian historian, rummaging through the archives at Buda-Pesth, discovered over 500 wills dated between 1802 and 1874, which had been put away so safely that they had been lost sight of, and the estates to which they related have been treated as though the persons making them had died intestate. A dreadful crop of lawsuits is expected to follow.

The native merchants of China are said to be inveterate swindlers. A foreign dealer

handed man. "The prairie is all on fire between here and Buffalo Heart Grove; that is beginning to burn and when the flames sweep round on your side you'll have to look sharp if they don't catch you napping, my pretty daisy."

At another time she would have closed the key with an angry snap at the impudent familiarity. Now there was room in her brain for only one maddening thought.

John King was sleeping in the cabin in the grove, would be surrounded by fire, be stifled by smoke, be burned to death!

"Prairie round Buffalo Heart Grove a sea of flame, line down, bridges over culverts probably burned. Stop all trains at X," she managed to flash back over the wire.

Then she dashed out where all should have been darkness but was not. For miles earth and sky were illuminated, the roaring of the flames could be distinctly heard, their furious leaping distinctly traced, their speed swifter than the greyhound and their force resistless as a cyclone. Nothing to her now was duty, nothing that it wanted two hours of midnight, nothing that many lives might hang upon her remaining at her post. One life she knew was in danger, and that was to her more than all others in the world.

With flying feet, with a desperate resolve forming in her brain, she hastened homeward, but did not enter the house—dared not for fear of the thwarting of her purpose. As she passed the window she saw her old father nodding in his chair, and a satisfied smile parted her lips. For all the hidden wealth of mountain and canon she would not have him waken.

Well she knew the swiftest and most untiring horse in the stable. That it was one she had never ridden, a young, fiery, valuable blue-blooded stallion, she never gave a thought. Speed and courage were the things now to be desired, and all other considerations, even her own safety, were dwarfed into nothingness by them.

With soothing voice and gentle hands the girl led the horse out, bridled, saddled and mounted. Astonished by her daring, he quietly submitted. The charm of womanhood had easily accomplished what had ever been a difficult task for men. Then, startled by the unusual burden and flapping of skirts about his flank, he reared, plunged, pawed the air, kicked vigorously and made a desperate effort to unseat the rider. It was unsuccessful. The hands that held the reins, little as they were, had a grip of iron, and the whip left a welt upon the glossy skin. Madly shaking his head, dashing out with his heels, with the breath whistling through the thin nostrils, he made a second attempt; shivered as he received a still more stinging blow, then dashed furiously down the road.

The clatter of hoofs disturbed the dreams of the old farmer. He sprang to the window, but only to catch an indistinct vision of something, glanced at the clock, murmured contentedly of having an hour before going for Nellie, and settled himself for another nap.

Little idea had he that his only child and costly steed were indulging in the wildest of races under a sky lighted as by the flames of hell and surrounded by its fires.

The switchman saw the girl as she flew past; saw the swift galloping horse, the rider with her long hair streaming in the wind, the horse as if breathing smoke—saw without recognition, and superstitiously imagined that the ghost of some red child of the wilderness, whose bones had been disturbed in building the iron track of the pale face, was out for a midnight revel.

For a considerable distance the road was over the undulating prairie, and both horse and rider enjoyed the race; then they were forced upon the ties, and heavily shod hoofs clattered along the bridges; then they left it and safety and plunged upon a narrow

ed, fell even as the wind roared and the fire hissed more savagely.

But the impulse had been sufficient to carry him beyond the blazing death and the bushes closed behind and the trees rose above and protected them from the scorching shower.

"God be thanked," exclaimed the suffering girl as she knelt beside the gallant horse. "God be thanked, and she flung her arms around his neck and shed bitter tears as she saw how scared and burned he was, regardless of her own sufferings.

With difficulty she urged him to his feet and led him forward. But he knew as well as see of their safety, of the necessity of moving, and lamb-like followed deep into the wood where the cabin stood.

"John, dear John," rang out the voice of the girl.

"Nellie! Great God, is that you?" was answered and questioned, and a moment later she was locked within his protecting arms.

In a few words she told all, and begged him to do all possible for the horse.

"Now and ever," he answered. "One moment." He climbed to the top of a tall tree, looked around, descended, and said cheerfully: "The wind has changed; the fire is rushing away from the timber; we are safe here. But why in the name of heaven did you attempt such a dangerous chance, Nellie?"

"Because, dear, I loved you so," and she drooped fainting upon his anxiously throbbing breast.

### Never Found One.

Sweet Girl (disrobing)—"Did you look under the bed?"

Old Maid—"What for?"

"To see if there is a man there."

"No, dear, I've given up all hope."

had died insect. A dreadful crop of lawsuits is expected to follow.

The native merchants of China are said to be inveterate swindlers. A foreign dealer at Tientsin recently contracted for 1,500 bales of camel's wool, guaranteed free of dirt and sand. When the first installment had passed through the cleaning machine 35 per cent. of its gross weight was found to be sand and gravel, and besides that the wool had been wet to make the dirt stick in and also to make it heavier.

It takes nearly one hundred million foreign eggs a month to keep the English in cakes and puddings. The matter of the protection of the English hen from the competition of the pauper fowls of France has been thought so serious that even Gladstone has paid some attention to it. Experts estimate that the consumption of eggs in England is one hundred a year for every person. Nearly fifteen million dollars is paid every year for the eggs imported into the country.

A plausible man has visited the farmers of Maine this fall, and after setting forth the value of birds as insect destroyers, and the wickedness of those who kill them, has presented a well worded document, apparently a pledge, not to kill a bird for a year, for the farmers to sign. If he did sign, the paper came back to him in a short time in the shape of a promissory note. Not a few agriculturists were thus swindled.

As the schooner Isle of Pines was off New London not long ago, an eagle slowly winged its way to the vessel, and perched on the topmast. The bird was evidently very tired, and kept its place until dark, and then Robert Burley, one of the sailors, climbed up and caught it by the legs. The eagle showed fight, and Burley was bleeding in many places when he reached the deck with his captive, which he caged and kept.

A flock of strange birds was heard going over Troy, Mo., one evening recently, and a



### EXPERTO CREDE.

Young Wife discussing her first dinner party: WELL, THEN, HANNAH, HOW SHALL WE BE COOK: WELL, MUM, YER GO OUT INTER SOCIETY MORE THAN I DO: YER OUGHT TER BE ABLE

short time afterward one which had strayed from the flock was captured by a servant girl in the yard, where it had alighted. It is about the size of a goose, black, web-footed, and with a long, snake-like neck and a strong bill three inches long. It is believed to be a cormorant, and to have come from the sea coast. It is still alive, and will eat nothing but live fish.

Gruyere cheese, which has been made by the farmers of Jura, Switzerland, under a system by which each in turn made a cheese of the milk of the whole community given to him every day, is now made in a factory to which all the farmers take their milk, and the product of which is common property instead of each cheese being the individual property of the man who made it. This makes the cheese more uniform and of better quality, and increases the farmer's profits.

From 8,000 to 10,000 gallons of blood a day are used in making buttons in a large factory in Bridgeport, near Chicago. About 100 men and boys are employed in the factory. The blood must be fresh beef blood. A Mr. Harsh was the first to introduce the business, some years ago, and is now immensely wealthy. Much of the blood evaporates in the process of drying, but the albumen remains. Blood sheets are used by cloth manufacturers for "setting" the color in calico goods. These sheets, broken up, will make buttons, earrings, breastpins, belt clasps, combs, and even door knobs. There are a number of "blood" utilizing factories in England, and a blood door knob factory in Trenton, N. J.

In the Leipzig Stadt Theatre there is an enormous cistern that overhangs the stage, from which an alarming quantity of water can be flooded down on the boards at the shortest warning. The knowledge of this provision has hitherto been a great source of comfort to the actors. They were not, however, prepared for an impromptu that occurred two weeks ago. Without a moment's warning, and in the presence of stalls, pit, and curtain, nearly the whole company were soundly drenched. They had to make a very hasty retreat from the stage, to drop the curtain, and to get their clothes dried before they could again "go on." The audience seemed immensely amused, and no "demoralizing panic" has to be recorded.

For years a huge column of black smoke by day and lurid flames by night rolled up from a dense swamp, but no one penetrated the swamp far enough to discover the cause. Recently a young man noticed that the smoke and flame had disappeared, and he determined to find the spot where they had been. With great labor he worked his way into the swamp until he came upon a large mound of rent and shattered rocks, which looked as though they had been subjected to a terrific upheaval. Their under sides were covered with soot, and so were the crevices between, but no smoke or heat was discovered. The explorer decided that the fire was caused by the burning of a natural oil well, which had burned itself out.

#### Boiler-Scale.

The application of soda-ash or any other scale solvent to a dirty boiler should be followed by a thorough cleaning shortly afterwards to remove any scale which may be detached or loosened, or injury to the boiler may result. The idea obtains in some cases that it is only necessary to put the solvent into the boiler and let it work, no further attentions being necessary. This is a great mistake. If a solvent does any good, its action is either to loosen scale so that it becomes detached either in flakes or in a finely divided state, or it dissolves it so that it remains in the water in solution. In the first case, the accumulation of a

## STATISTICS.

France possesses the largest area of vineyards in the world, consisting in round numbers of 5,000,000 acres of vines.

On an average, every man, woman, and child in the United Kingdom receives "a mail," as the Americans say, of 63 pieces per annum. This compares well with the 36 of France, the 18 of Austria-Hungary, the 35 of Denmark, and even with the 43 of Germany.

The orange industry of Florida has increased tenfold in five years. In 1890 only 100,000 boxes were shipped out of the State, while in 1884 and 1885 the exports were 1,000,000 boxes, and their value £3,0,000. The United States eats, it is estimated, 600,000,000 of oranges yearly, enough to give to each man, woman, and child 10 oranges.

From the four principal mines in Griqualand—which all lie within a circle with a diameter of three miles—calculating the amount of diamondiferous ground removed and the known average yield per load in each, it is found that not less than 33,000,000 carats of diamonds—or more than 6½ tons weight—must have been extracted since the first discovery, realizing, in round numbers, \$40,000,000 sterling.

The Metropolitan Police district extends over a radius of 15 miles from Charing-Cross, exclusive of the City of London, and embraces an area of 688.31 square miles, extending from Colney Heath, Hertfordshire, on the north, to Mogadore, Todworth Heath, in the south, and from Lark Hall, Essex, in the east, to Staines Moor, Middlesex, in the west. The ratable value of the metropolitan area for the year 1886-7 was £33,815,723, but of the enormous actual value of the property in charge of the police it is impossible to form any estimate.

The United States Debt reached its maximum at the end of August, 1865—a few months, that is, after the close of the Civil War. In round figures it then slightly exceeded £551,250,000 sterling, and the annual interest on the Debt somewhat exceeded £30,000,000 sterling. At the end of June last—the close, that is, of the last financial year—the Debt was reduced to a little over £235,000,000 sterling, and the annual interest charge to somewhat under £8,250,000 sterling. In the 22 years therefore £361,250,000 sterling has been redeemed; while the annual interest charge has been reduced by £21,750,000 sterling. This is a feat of which any people might be proud.

## PEARLS OF TRUTH.

If a man has a right to be proud of anything, it is of a good action done as it ought to be, without any base interest lurking at the bottom of it.

Any system of instruction which does not teach a lad to think falls very far short of the best results of education, and leaves him without the most vital element of success.

A fussy, nervous mother who is always trembling for the safety of her darlingst and will not let them do anything that their companions rejoice in, either makes her sons weak and deficient in self-reliance or drives them to deceitful habits of doing on the sly what they would not wish her to find out, though very likely in itself the amusement is harmless enough.

The intervals of life should not be left to haphazard—should not be regarded as idle waters in which each one may drift at pleasure without compass or guide. They should be held as trusts for certain definite objects, and regarded as of much importance.

## YACHTING ON LAND.

Swift Sand Boats in England—A Wagon with Wings.

Southport is the locality *par excellence* for sand yachting, the great stretches of firm, smooth sand along this part of the Lancashire coast affording ample "sea" room for the evolutions of these singular and somewhat ghostly looking craft. The sand yacht is simple in construction, consisting essentially of a long, narrow body, with seats along the sides for passengers, mounted on four wooden wheels. The back wheels of a sand yacht serve exactly the same purpose as the rudder of a boat. The wheels are strongly built, with wide treads to prevent their sinking in the sand when passing over soft places, and are covered with splash boards in the usual manner. The yachts are of different sizes, some being able to accommodate about twenty people, though they rarely carry so many. The smaller crafts are cutter-rigged with large mainsail and jibsail stretched from the point of a bowsprit some six feet long projecting from the front axle. The larger yachts have two masts, carrying mainsail, foresail and jib. The sails, rigging and running gear are almost identical with those common on boats and small yachts, the spread of canvas being about the same as on racing boats of equal length. Local fishermen form the crew, the cutters being manned by two and the schooners by three men.

When a sand yacht is ready for a cruise, with all sail set and her complement of passengers aboard, the steersman takes his place at the helm, while his mate gives the craft a start by placing his back to the front axle and pressing against the sand with his feet. When he feels that she is fairly under weigh he climbs nimbly on board and seats himself or stands near the mast, his duty being to attend to the jib sheet and keep a sharp lookout ahead, while the helmsman directs the course and looks after the main sheet. If there is a good breeze the yacht soon acquires considerable velocity, which is liable, however, to continual variation, according to the force of the wind and the state of the sand. At one time, with a fresh breeze and firm, smooth bottom, she may be gliding along at perhaps a rate of twenty miles an hour. Directly afterward a lull in the wind and soft or rough sand may reduce the speed to seven or eight miles. Regarding the maximum speeds attained, the fishermen tell some pretty stiff yarns.

We have heard a hundred miles an hour spoken of quite seriously; but there does not seem to be any good reason for believing that under the most favorable circumstances a velocity of thirty-five or forty miles an hour is ever exceeded. Even this is an enormous speed, and it is plain that the vehicles moving at anything approaching such a rate must be handled in a very careful manner to avoid accidents. And here we may say that the addition of powerful brakes to the front wheels would be an improvement. So far as we have noticed, none of the yachts are at present fitted with these useful appliances.

The sand yachts are able to proceed against the wind by "tacking" or making a zigzag course. With a stiff breeze they sail very close to the wind, and have a great advantage over their sisters of the sea in not making any "leeway."

## Fogs.

Mr. John Aitken's theory of fogs is gaining credence, and it is certainly one that has much to recommend it. There can be no question that it covers the ground better than any other. Mr. Aitken attributes the production of mists, fogs, and rains to the

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so that it becomes detached either in flakes or in a finely divided state, or it dissolves it so that it remains in the water in solution. In the first case, the accumulation of a mass of scale on the bottom of the shell is more than likely to result in burning the plates. The only thing to do is to open the boiler and remove it mechanically. In the second case, the result will depend more or less upon the nature of the scale and the amount and character of impurities that find their way into the boiler. If the scale is cut by the action of the solvent into a fine powder, and grease gets into the boiler, as it will in all cases where an engine exhausts into an open heater for the purpose of heating the feed, trouble is sure to result. Burning plates may always be expected in these circumstances. The only thing to do is to blow off all the water in the boiler, thoroughly clean it out, and begin again, omitting the grease.

#### Antidotes for Certain Poisons.

A standing antidote for poison by poison oak, ivy, etc., is to take a handful of quicklime, dissolve in water, let it stand half an hour, then paint the poisoned parts with it. Three or four applications, it is said, will cure the most aggravated case. Poison from bees, hornets, spider bites, etc., is instantly arrested by the application of equal parts common salt and bicarbonate of soda, well rubbed in on the place bitten or stung.

A gentleman once wrote to a lady whom he had offended by his dilatoriness, and who for a long time had refused to speak to him. His letter was earnest in supplications for forgiveness. It concluded with—"One word from your lips will make me happy. When and where will you speak it?" Her answer was—"Next Wednesday, at the altar." To which he sent the following reply: "will be there!"



waters in which each one may drift at pleasure without compass or guide. They should be held as trusts for certain definite objects, and regarded of as much importance and requiring as much thought and care as the principal business of life, which too often holds us with a relentless and nerve-relaxing grip.

No one should underrate the inevitable sorrows of life, nor deny to them the sympathy and loving aid which should ever be extended to them; but permanent misery cannot be regarded with very much respect. It certainly speaks of grave defects in character, of faults that need pruning away, of feeble qualities that need stimulating. Life is largely what we make it, and, whatever may be its clouds and storms, they will be chased away at length by the clear sunshine of a strong and noble character. "Fill thy heart with goodness, and thou wilt find that the world is full of good."

#### The Disappearance of the Blonde.

A highly interesting question is being agitated in Europe. It has been asserted that there has been a gradual decrease of blondes in Germany. Almost 11,000,000 school-children were examined in Germany, Austria and Belgium, and the result showed that Switzerland has only 11.10, Austria 19.79 and Germany 31.80 per cent, of pure blondes. Thus the country, which since the days of ancient Rome has been proverbially known as the home of yellow hair, has to-day only thirty-two pure blondes in 100, while the average of pure brunettes is fourteen per cent. The fifty-three per cent. of the mixed type are said to be undergoing a transformation into pure brunettes. Dr. Beddoe, in England, has collected a number of statistics which seem to point in the same direction. Among 726 women he examined he found 369 brunettes and 357 blondes. Of the brunettes he found that seventy-eight per cent, were married, while of the blondes only sixty-eight per cent. were married. Thus it would seem that the brunette has ten chances of getting married in England to a blonde's nine. In France a similar view has been put forth by M. Adolph de Candolle. M. de Candolle found that when both parents have eyes of the same colour eighty-eight per cent. inherit this color. But it is a curious fact that more females than males have black or brown eyes to the proportion of forty-five to forty-three. It seems that with different colored eyes in the two parents fifty three per cent. follow the father in being dark-eyed, and fifty per cent. follow the mother in being dark-eyed. An increase of five per cent. of dark eyes in each generation must tell in the course of time.

#### No Confidence in That Doctor.

Wife (to third husband)—"If you feel so unwell, John, I think we had better send for my old family physician."

Third husband (somewhat hastily)—"No, my dear, I would prefer to send for some one else."

#### Made a Minute of it.

"Can you tell me darling," he asked, as they sat together in the weak spot of the sofa, "the exact physiological and mathematic duration of a kiss?"

"About a second and a half, I believe," she answered demurely.

"Thanks," I will make a minute of it."

The consumption of coffee in this country is now less than it was 20 years ago. Last year it fell 10 per cent. The present average is about 14 oz. of coffee and one-third that quantity of chicory per head.

has much to recommend it. There can be no question that it covers the ground better than any other. Mr. Aitken attributes the production of mists, fogs, and rains to the presence of particles of solid matter in the atmosphere. Professor Tyndall was the first to demonstrate how the atmosphere could be filtered, and to show it in a comparatively pure state. Mr. Aitken is of opinion that water-vapour clings to and condenses on these particles, either bringing them down as rain, or remaining suspended with them as mist or fog. Chloride of sodium derived from the sea is the most extensive fog-producer, but sulphur is the common base of town fogs; and he suggests that it is well that it should be so, because the sulphur has an antiseptic effect on the stagnant air, and saves us from worse evils than fog. This is good news to the sufferers from annoyances which, if the theory broached be true, cannot be got rid of. There is no special cause of uneasiness as to the sulphur fogs, and, on the whole, they are blessings in thick disguise. All the same, if we strained our smoke a little, so as to get rid of the dirty carbon, it would be more cleanly, and altogether better for us.

#### Self-Made Men.

Self-made—though there is really no creature of that sort in creation—is a title which in current use has come to be received as a kind of indisputable challenge to admiration, a proof of intellectual nobility and fitness for high office. Great respect is doubtless due to the energy of any man who makes the most of his gifts or his opportunity. Such men may here and there rise to the peerage of the world. But the self-made man is badly made who is not ready to confess that other men might have made him better than he has made himself, and especially that institutions which gather and treasure up the wisdom of the past and are complicated instruments perfected by ages are likely to educate better than an individual mind, however vigorous, or an individual will, however resolute, or a personal aspiration left to itself, however persistent. Who would not rather have as his ruler, his doctor, his preacher, his attorney, or his judge, the pupil of the best that the world has thought and learned than the pupil of a master who is master and pupil at the same time, and who therefore at any given moment has an uneducated mind for his educator?

#### Two Experiments and Their Results.

The other night two American cruisers were anchored at Newport. They were provided with all the modern equipment necessary to repel a supposed attack of torpedo boats. The attack took place and the boats were beaten off in all directions. But it was only a few weeks ago that a simple experiment was tried in England and the torpedo boats carried all before them. There was no practical difference in the method of defence. In that the Americans were as good as the English, but at Portsmouth the authorities used real torpedo boats that churned through the water at the rate of 22 knots an hour while at Newport they used row boats, or slow tenders, and they were discovered long before they could get near the cruisers.

#### Business.

Solomon Isaacs: Vader, Meester Moses says vat you charch him for dose two-dollar paints?

Israel Isaacs: Vat did Moses pay ven he failt last time?

Solomon: Twenty-five cents on der dollar.

Israel: Charch him eight dollars for dose paints, Solomon.

# W. A. ROSE,

## Insurance

—AND—

# REAL ESTATE AGENT

## Intelligence Office.

Next Door to W. S. Williams' Office.

PATRONAGE SOLICITED.

**W. A. ROSE**

1871v

**SAVINGS BANK**

—BRANCH OF THE—

**DOMINION BANK, NAPANEE.**

Deposit taken of one dollar. Interest from 4th of deposit. No notice of withdrawal required.

**WALTER DARLING,**

OFFICE: MARKET SQUARE. 4487ly AGENT.

# The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, DEC. 2, 1887

—It is expected that the Ontario Legislature will be called together the last week in January.

—Mr Baird, M. P. for Queen's, has forwarded his resignation to the speaker and it has been accepted.

—Word received from Washington says Sir Charles Tupper has offered to concede to the Americans the right of purchasing supplies, engaging men and unloading cargoes in Canadian waters, provided the Americans will agree to abandon purse seines as a means of taking fish.

—It will be remembered that the County Council of Frontenac refused to pay its portion of the expenses in connection with the enforcement of the Scott Act, the principal ground for refusal being that the Act as voted upon by the people was not the Act embodied in the revised statutes. Suit was brought to recover the amount. It was heard before Chancellor Boyd, who decided against the county, judgment being entered for the plaintiffs with costs. He held that councils in Scott Act counties were obliged to pay the expenses of the License Commissioners, that the consolidation of statutes was "to be considered as a continuance and modification of old laws rather than an abrogation of those old and the re-enactment of new ones," and that Ontario legislation concerning the enforcement of the Act was valid. This decision virtually settles the matter.

## LENNOX REFORMERS.

The adjourned meeting of the Lennox Reform Association was held in the town hall, Napanee, on Saturday afternoon last, a large number of representative men being present. Vice-President Hudgins occupied the chair, and asked that the election of officers be proceeded with.

On motion Mr Black was elected Secretary pro tem.

After the reading of the minutes of the last meeting, Mr Deroche said he did not think it was necessary to further deal with Mr Gibson's resignation as President of the Association and that he had much pleasure in nominating D. W. Allison for that position.

J. C. Drewry seconded the nomination, and Mr Allison was unanimously elected. He at once assumed the duties of his office, taking occasion to thank those present for the honor conferred upon him, and also to make a few remarks as to what the Association ought to be, and how managed. In the course of his remarks he referred to the question of unrestricted reciprocity, and declared himself strongly in favor of it. He declared it his belief that if Commercial Union was granted, that within a year's time every acre of land that he owned in this Province would increase in value from twenty-five to thirty-five per cent.

Proceeding with the election of officers—J. C. Drewry nominated Bowen E. Aylsworth, first deputy-reeve of Ernestown, as first vice-President. H. M. Deroche seconded the nomination.

It was the wish of the Association that Geo D. Hawley be given this position, but as he preferred being out of office, Mr Aylsworth was unanimously elected.

Mr Chas Lane, of Napanee, was chosen as second vice-President and Dr Leonard was elected Treasurer.

On motion of R. N. Switzer, of Ernestown, seconded by John W. Denyes, of Odessa, Mr Stanley C. Warner was elected to the responsible position of Secretary of the Association.

The officers of the association were appointed a committee to prepare a new constitution and by-laws and they were instructed to report at the next meeting.

The association then adjourned, subject to the call of the President.

The meeting was largely attended and the utmost good feeling and unanimity prevailed. It was felt that there are bright days ahead for the association, and, judging from the feeling displayed at the meeting, there will be a rallying of forces around the new officers and determined efforts put forth for success in the future.

—Ex-Mayor Robt Bowie, Brockville, Ont. says, I used Nasal Balm for a bad case of catarrh, and it cured me after having ineffectually tried many other remedies. It never fails to give immediate relief for cold in the head.

## A Hint to Housekeepers

Mrs Robt Williamson, of Glenora, Parry So and Ont. says, "I could not keep house without Hagyard's Yellow Oil at hand." I have used it in my family for croup, sore throat and a cut foot, and can highly recommend it to everybody.

## More Trouble May be Expected.

If you do not heed the warnings of nature and at once pay attention to the maintenance of your health. How often we see a person put off from day to day the purchase of a medicine which if procured at the outstart of a disease would have remedied it almost immediately. Now if Johnson's Tonic Liver Pills had been taken when the first uneasiness made its appearance the illness would have been "nipped in the bud". Johnson's Tonic Bitters and Liver Pills are decidedly the best medicine on the market for general tonic and invigorating properties. Pills 25c. per bottle. Bitters 50c. and \$1 per bottle. Sold by Perry & Co. Druggists, sole agents.

## In a Dreadful Condition.

John E. Manthorn, of Mill Village, Ont. says

## The Markets.

THE EXPRESS OFFICE,  
Napanee, December 1st, 1887

Grain is moving very slowly owing to bad roads. The price is about the same, there being little or no change. Navigation has closed and shipping is done by rail. The principal articles on the market are fowls, potatoes and apples. There are a number of fine turkeys being offered. Below are the quotations:

Fall Wheat...	70@	75 Eggs per doz...	18
Spring Wheat...	70	75 Potatoes, bag...	85
Barley per cwt...	50	75 Apples pr bag...	50
Shorts...	50	85 Apples per bbl...	2 50
Barley per bus...	50	70 Turkeys...	60
Peas...	55	55 Geese...	40
Oats...	35	37 Ducks pr pair...	40
Rye...	50	50 Partridges...	35
Buckwheat...	40	40 Chickens...	50
Corn...	55	55 Hay per ton...	10 00
Beef, hind qr...	3 50	5 00 Straw per load...	3 00
Beef, fore qr...	2 50	3 50 Beef, hides...	4 00
Mutton per lb...	6	7 Sheepskins...	15
Lamb...	6	7 Pelts...	40
Hogs per 100...	5 00	5 00 Wool...	20
Butter r per lb...	23		
Butter tb...	18		

## MARRIED.

BENNETT-PRINGLE—At the parsonage, on November 24th, by the Rev. E. N. Baker, Mr Jas Bennett to Miss Alberta Pringle both of Napanee.

LAWRENCE-MARSH—By Rev F.B. Stratton on Nov 30th, at the Methodist parsonage, Tamworth, Francis F. Lawrence to Miss Emma Jane Marsh, both of Hungerford.

## BIRTHS

PENSE—In Kingston, Nov. 23d, the wife of Mr E. J. B. Pense, of THE WHIG, of a daughter.

WAY—In Tamworth, Nov. 23d, the wife of Mr L Way of a son.

## DIED

CARSCALLEN—In Napanee, on Nov 30th, Edna Muriel, only daughter of Mr T G Carscallen, aged 3 mos.

GRAHAM—At Napanee, on Nov 28th, Bessie A. daughter of Knox Graham, aged 3 yrs, 9 mos and 28 days.

## Nil Disperandum.

"Never despair," is a good motto for all. If afflicted with any lingering disease, remember "while there is life there is hope." Never despair until you have tried Burdock Blood Bitters. It cures diseases of the stomach, liver and blood when all other remedies fail.



Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government, endorsed by the heads of the great Universities, as the

enforcement of the Act was... This decision virtually settles... Lennox commissioners vs. the County Council, as it is similar to the above.

—Probably very few persons are aware of the enormous possibilities of cheapening light by the use of electricity, if only the problem of subdividing the "unit" of light could be satisfactorily solved. At present it is possible to supply one "arc" light, having an illuminating power equal to two thousand candles, for about four cents per hour. Such a light is, however, to a great extent, wasted in any ordinary building, and is quite too intense for household purposes. On the other hand, though great improvements have been made by Edison and others, no one has succeeded in producing a subdivision of the arc light without an enormous loss of power, amounting in most cases to ninety per cent. of the light produced by the arc. Could this subdivision be effected without material loss, it is obvious that no known species of light would have much chance in competing. One arc light, of two thousand candle power, equals one hundred gas jets burning five to six feet of gas per hour, i.e., one arc gives light equal to that produced by the consumption of five hundred feet of gas of the best quality. It follows that if one arc light can be furnished for five hours at a cost of twenty cents, the same amount of light, if it could be subdivided into one hundred or even fifty portions, could be supplied at a rate about equal to eight cents per thousand feet of gas. Perfect subdivision is of course very unlikely to be achieved, but if the electric light could be subdivided into portions, with only a loss of thirty, forty, or even fifty per cent., it is clear that few other means of illuminating have much prospect. It is the knowledge of this fact, and that Edison believes he has now mastered the difficulty, which has so much to do with the present fluctuations of gas stocks in the American and European markets.

#### A Claim Verified.

B.B.B. claims to cure all curable diseases of the stomach, bowels, liver, kidneys and blood. That it actually performs all it claims, is proven by testimonials from parties which none can dispute.

**ADVICE TO MOTHERS.**—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth. If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it; mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhoea, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25c. bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind.

#### Consumption Cured

An old physician, retired from practice, having placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Send by mail a card with stamp, and the payment of 10c. in advance to **Power's Book Rochester, N.Y.**

**In a Dreadful Condition.**  
Little E. Manethorn, of Mill Village, Ont., says, "My cough was dreadful, I could not sleep at nights on account of it, but when I used Hagar's Pectoral Balsam I had rest and was quickly cured. All druggists sell the invaluable cough remedy."

homes for more than a quarter of a century. is used by the United States Government, endorsed by the heads of the great Universities, as the strongest, purest and most healthful. Dr Price's the only Baking Powder that does not contain Amonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in cans.  
**DR PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.**  
New York. Chicago, St Louis.

## ABSTRACT STATEMENT

J. A. REID, Treasurer, in account with THE CELEBRATION COMMITTEE.

To Corporation .....	\$100 00	By Queen's Own .....	\$200 00
Celebration committee fund....	304 43	Deseronto Navigation Co.....	125 00
H. B. Wray.....	356 50	Printing.....	120 73
W. C. Scott.....	54 00	Electric light.....	20 00
J. Kirby.....	161 18	Ground and tent rent.....	40 00
F. Jemmett.....	100 30	Banquet.....	171 55
W. Busby.....	82 95	Band.....	50 00
E. S. Lapum.....	380 38	Prizes, medals, etc.....	162 30
N. F. Paisley.....	7 00	Travelling expenses and liveries	50 75
J. H. Downey.....	40 20	Fire Co.....	17 80
W. E. Doxsee.....	5 00	Fire works.....	66 50
James Allen.....	40	J. A. Cliff.....	69 20
G. F. Ruttan.....	78 00	Telegrams and postage.....	13 65
K. Huff.....	5 00	Police.....	20 50
		Salaries.....	26 75
		G. F. Ruttan.....	9 50
		Sundries.....	48 88
		J. H. Downey.....	2 21
		Balance .....	460 02
	\$1,675 34		\$1,675 34

TO THE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF CELEBRATION COMMITTEE:

We, your auditors, beg leave to report that we have examined the books of J A Reid, your treasurer, and find the same correct, and herewith submit an abstract statement of receipts and disbursement, showing a balance in bank of \$460.02. In accordance with the resolution of your committee, we recommend that one cheque each for \$100 and \$354.02 be drawn payable to Robert Easton, Treasurer; also that one cheque each be drawn payable to Templeton & Beeman and J. C. Drewry, for \$3 for printing auditors' report.

T. G. DAVIS, Auditors.  
J. W. ROBINSON,

# SACRIFICE SALE!

C. F. HENDERSON,

Being desirous of reducing his stock, which is much too large for the store will hold for the next month,

## A GRAND SACRIFICE SALE.

The stock being so well known, scarcely needs enumerating, consisting of every description of Fancy Dry Goods, Wool Goods, Wools and Fancy Goods.

We have a large stock of

*Toys, Dolls and Fancy Goods.*

This sale will be a good opportunity to procure your

**CHRISTMAS PRESENTS VERY CHEAP.**

**A JOB LOT OF WOOL GOODS**

Including Scarfs, Shawls, etc., will be cleared at whatever they will bring. Come early and secure the choice Goods.

TERMS—CASH ONLY.

C. F. HENDERSON,

Dundas st, opposite McAlpin Hotel

87d

# Number of Purchasers

Served in November this year,	-	-	-	3,262
Number served in November last year,	-	-	-	1,797
Increase for this year,	-	-	-	1,465

## THE ARMY OF CHEAPSIDE'S PATRONS

IS BEING RE-INFORCED EVERY MONTH.

The sales for November this year are seventy-five (75) per cent. more than for November last year, and are equal in volume to the ANNUAL SALES of plenty of houses.

### Reader, Why is it?

Now then we want to have, and expect to have, and are bound to have, a larger increase for this month of December this year, over December of last year, than we have had for November.

**WE ARE LAYING OUT OUR BEST ENERGIES AND WILL OFFER THE BEST POSSIBLE INDUCEMENTS TO COMPASS THIS END.**

We have just laid in some bargains which, if you read the papers, and particularly our advertisement in the paper, then act as your judgment dictates, will result in our mutual profit. Some people, you know, boast that "oh, I never read advertisements," and that's where they often get left.

We will tell you a little story of a lady who "did not read advertisements", and perhaps don't take a paper, but that is a very unusual occurrence in this enlightened age. This lady went into a certain store to look at Seal and Persian Lamb Muffs. Their lowest price for No. 1 Persian Muff was \$12. They were right, they are worth that, but this lady had heard we were selling Furs cheap, and came to see us, when she bought the same Goods at \$7.50, ends bound with Seal and Seal Tassels. She had a narrow escape from losing \$4.50, and you can just think what she could buy for that \$4.50. Now we don't claim that these are every day occurrences or that we can do that the whole year around but it shows you we have often "rock bottom" prices in Goods which nobody else has, and that it isn't safe to buy anything we deal in till you see our stock and hear our figures, any more than it is safe to "do without a newspaper" and

these are every day occurrences of things we often "rock bottom" prices in Goods which nobody else has, and that it isn't safe to buy anything we deal in till you see our stock and hear our figures, any more than it is safe to "do without a newspaper" and never read advertisements.

We sell Persian Lamb Caps as low as \$3.50, and our \$6 Persian Lamb Caps are the same as other houses charge \$9 and \$10 for. Our best Seal Caps at \$11 and \$12, are the same as, or better than you can buy for from \$15 to \$17. Our seal Muffs at \$12 are the same as you have to pay \$18 for elsewhere, and more than that, we make a good fair profit on them at these prices, and more than that, they are first-class goods, made of whole skins, and with the best trimmings.

How do we do it? do you say.

Its all in the buying and judging, and in consequence of our large business—our ability to handle large lots.

One of our firm just returned from attending a Trade Sale of Mens and Boys Overcoats where he bought some Famous Bargains in Overcoats to fit Boys from 10 to 18 years of age, and all sizes of Mens Overcoats, so cheap that we shall be able to sell them at the regular wholesale cost.

Now lots of people don't know we sell ready-made overcoats so we have repeated it THREE TIMES, and set it in big type, that it may be so impressed on your minds that you will see it in your sleep.

# MENS & BOYS OVERCOATS AWFULLY CHEAP MENS & BOYS OVERCOATS AWFULLY CHEAP MENS & BOYS OVERCOATS AWFULLY CHEAP

We will sell a good heavy Tweed Overcoat, mens' sizes, lined with Tweed, for \$5, worth \$7 anywhere, and all others in proportion. We also bought some elegant Seal Dolmans, worth \$45, at such a price that we can sell them at \$20 and \$25, and make a fair profit. But it is not in Overcoats and furs alone we are giving bargains by any means, as witness "the wonderful value" of our Flannels, the "competition", "slaying" prices of our Silks and Satins

The "unapproachable value" of our Dress Goods

The "splendid value" of our Corsets and Gloves

The "home thrust" prices of our Hosiery

The "close prices" and good assortment of our Gents' Furnishings

The "death of all opposition" prices on our Table Linens, Towels, Sheetings, Pillow Cottons

The "low prices" on our Order Clothing, both Suits and Overcoats

The "style and reasonable prices" of our Millinery

We are awake and up to the wants of the buying public

We are alive to the necessity of giving extra value to induce large patronage

## We are Determined to Secure Your Confidence

and good wishes, as well as your money, in exchange for the best value it is possible to give in Legitimate Goods

We will not misrepresent our Goods

We will not cheat you if we know it

We will give you the advantage of our close bargains and superior purchasing abilities

We will try to make your business intercourse with us pleasant and agreeable, as well as mutually profitable

Give us your trade this December,

**HINCH & CO.**

# GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY. EXCURSIONS —TO— SAN FRANCISCO

And other California points.

**\$108.10.**

Tickets are first class, good to go via Chicago and Omaha or Kansas City and return in six months.

# GRAND TRUNK and C.P.R. EXCURSION

—TO—

**British Columbia, Portland, Oregon and San Francisco.**

**\$80.00**

Tickets are first class and good for six months. For further particulars address

**J. L. BOYES,**

22871y Grand Trunk Ticket Agent.

## Tamworth.

Miss Ida Straton is visiting college associates in and about Belleville.

Mr and Mrs D E Rose have been visiting friends in Kingston.

W J Doller and his bride were serenaded by the Tamworth band last Friday night, before leaving for his new field of labor.

Confirmation services were held in the Episcopal church last Monday, His lordship Bishop Lewis being in attendance. There were a number of candidates.

The missionary anniversary of the Methodist church came off last Sunday, Rev F B Stratton, and E D Lewis, of Centreville, delivering appropriate sermons.

## Wilton.

A cap of honey was stolen this fall from Mr. John Peters, an overcoat was next missing from his drive house and the latest is that the dog is poisoned. But thieves sometimes come once too often for their own good.

About two weeks ago one sheep belonging to Mr. W. Neilson and six to Mr. J. Evans were killed by dogs. Again one night last week Mr. S. Davison lost six sheep by the same means.

Mrs. Ira Shibley, of Toronto, and Mrs. C. Lapum, of Napance, are visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Mr. Nixon, of the A.O.U.W., intends holding a meeting in the hall next Saturday night.

## Morven.

Mrs. Hall, of Brandon, Man., is visiting at Mr. John Bell's this week.

The missionary service will be held at the White Church on next Sunday morning, Lutheran in the afternoon, and at the Brick Church in the evening. Missionary meetings—White church on Monday evening, 5th inst., and at the Brick church on

Hida Smith is at Ottawa.

Fred Alysworth and Uriah Caton have been doing Stirling and Thurlow. They had a splendid time.

Wm H Smith reports big fish on his trip to the lakes.

The A.O.U.W. lodge is booming.

A new fence should be put around the Catholic church lot. The old one resembles an old faded buffalo skin with the hair off in several spots at once.

Mr Fellows has moved his livery to Dr. Booth's stables on Gore street.

Mrs P. S. Timmerman is recovering slowly.

Sheldon Hawley has moved into Mrs. Watts' house.

The attendance at the Methodist Sunday school is increasing rapidly.

## Deseronto.

Rev D. O. Crossley, and G. M. Dewey, after a successful season of evangelistic work at Wyoming, are now at Lindsay where the prospect of a glorious work is very encouraging.

The reeve has issued a notice forbidding all coasting on the boardwalks. There have been many and the chief has orders to arrest all offenders.

A new charcoal kiln, the second of the year, and the third at the works, is being constructed at the Chemical Works.

The wideawake little boy now finds his way with great regularity to the Sunday school, in order to share the pleasures of Christmas tide.

Mr. E. W. Rathbun, together with Hon. Benjamin Butterworth and Mr Eratus Wiman, addressed a public meeting in Oswego, last Saturday evening. The meeting was called by the board of trade to discuss Commercial Union. The Oswego papers state that all the speeches were of a high order.

Mrs M. Meredith has been quite seriously ill, but we are glad to say she is now recovering.

Miss Dora Clancy, of Newburgh, is visiting at her sisters, Mrs Thomas Black, of this place.

**Give Ely's Cream Balm a Trial.**—This justly celebrated remedy for the cure of catarrh, hay fever, cold in the head, etc. can be obtained of any reputable druggist and may be relied upon as a safe and pleasant remedy for the above complaints and will give immediate relief. It is not a snuff, liquid or powder; has no offensive odor and can be used at any time with good results as thousands can testify, among them some of the attaches of this office—Spirit of the Times.

## A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the error and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the R JOSEPH T INMAN, Station D New York City 1v

**ELY'S CATARRH CREAM BALM**

Gives Relief at once and Cures

**COLD IN HEAD**

**CATARRH Hay Fever.**

Not a Liquid, Snuff or Powder. Free from injurious drugs and offensive odors.



A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail

# LAHEY, THE DRY

—HA

50 doz Grey Wool Hose at 15c per pair

30 doz heavy All Wool Hose at 19c, worth

20 doz fine, heavy Cashmere Hose at price 50c

20 doz Colored 4 button Kid Gloves at price 75c to \$1

A full range of Dress Meltons in all colors

A full range of Colored and Black All Cloth Dress Goods, heavy weight, at

A complete range of the newest material Dress Goods at very low prices

A job lot of Light Prints, out of season Goods at 5c per yard

A big stock of Shirts from 7c per yard value we have shown

We are completing a collection of the nicest Goods to be had, and we

**Come and see us.**

At our new store in the  
**The Popular Dry Goods**  
**LAHEY**

22871y

**GRAND**  
**XMAS**  
**GAL**  
**Book and N**

ing, 5th inst., and at the Brick church on Tuesday, 6th. Each meeting to open at 7-30. Deputation—Rev. Emsley, Baker and Thompson.

The Sunday School at the Brick church is to have a festival about the 3rd week in January.

Rev Mr Duke's lecture on our Indian Empire at the White church delighted many. The Bath choir gave us excellent music.

### Napanee Mills.

Mr Creighton, the new paper mill foreman, is winning the respect of our people. He is a gentleman possessing experience in the manufacture of paper and is showing himself to be fully qualified for the respectable and important situation he occupies.

Less Deline has charge of a gang of men getting out cordwood for the paper company, a couple of carloads of which is required daily.

Some real estate has of late changed hands: The paper co's farm has become the property of Jas McGuire and Robert O'Neil purchased a dwelling house on the hump from J. R. Scott.

Mr Wm Miller, who is the guest of Mrs P Miller, of this place, is suffering from a severe attack of sickness.

A series of revival meetings are being held in the church. We trust much good may result.

Everybody is wishing for snow and sleighing. Muddy roads and drizzly weather depress the spirits. Though summer's heat is pleasant, it is not more so than the cosy warmth of the big overcoat and soft gloves, when the sleigh bells are singing and the snow flakes falling, and though the summer the roses are all dead, the maiden has them planted in her cheeks by winter's breath. Young blood knows no such enjoyable season as bracing winter.

### Odessa.

Allen Chadwick, Sr., has had erected, at Wilton cemetery, a handsome monument to the memory of his stepdaughter, Minerva Lowry, who fell asleep four years ago. Among her host of friends memory will ever revert with a pleasant tinge to her exemplary characteristic.

O. D. Lewis and family have returned home from New York state.

Miss Emma Copeland is in town.

Miss Walker has returned from an extended trip.

T. C. Burns, the popular principal of Odessa public school, has been re-engaged for '88. 2nd and 3rd departments open for consideration.

Rev C. L. Thompson is doing the missionary act.

Time to talk up the Christmas tea-meeting. Ain't it?

When one word of slang will express a whole column of dainty words, we shall use the former, etiquette to the contrary.

Farmers are busy plowing. Some of them will be half a day behind even should this weather continue till after next harvest.

Sherman Bond is building a large warehouse at the rear of his store.

Jos. Smith intends taking a spin through the Eastern States this winter, for pleasure.

Ye youngfolks spent an enjoyable evening, the guests of Bernard and Miss Toomey.

The change in the G. T. R. time-table gives business men a chance; arrives here from west at 1.15 p.m., leaves for west at 2.45 p.m.

Two gentlemanly men in a charge of the Salvation Army corps here.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail registered, 60 cts. Circulars ee. ELY BROS Druggists, Owego, N.Y. 1887ly.

### ISLAND HOME STOCK FARM



Percheron Horses. French Coach Horses. Savage & Farum, Importers and Breeders of Percheron and French Coach Horses, Island Home Stock Farm, Grosse Isle, Wayne County Mich. We offer a very large stud of horses to select from, we guarantee our stock, make prices reasonable and sell on easy terms. Visitors always welcome. Large catalogue free. Address Savage & Farum, DETROIT MICH.

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The Largest, The Ablest, The Best

Religious and Literary Weekly in the World.

"One of the ablest weeklies in existence."—Pall Mall Gazette, London, England

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Prominent features of THE INDEPENDENT during the coming year will be promised

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Social and Political Articles

BY PROF WM G SUMNER, PROF RICHARD T ELY PRES JOHN BASCOM, PROF AETHUR T HADLEY and others.

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BY THOMAS WENTWORTH HIGGINSON and other critical and literary articles by MAURICE THOMPSON, CHARLES DUDLEY WARNER, JAMES PAYNE, ANDREW LANG, EDMOND GOSSE, R H STODDARD, MRS SCHUYLER VAN RENSSALEAR, LOUISE IMOGEN GUINEY, H H BOYESEN, and others

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By E. P. ROE

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AND

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## THE INDEPENDENT.

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A mammoth stock of Photographs  
A complete assortment of Sun Books

A big assortment of Toys, all kinds  
A choice selection of Christmas  
A special line of beautiful China  
Saucers, only 15c.

A matchless assortment of Toys  
An unsurpassed line of Plush  
Our Goods are all new. No

Our store is lighted

REMEMBER THE PLACE—

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Book and

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—ON

FLANNELS of all kinds

DRESS GOODS of all kinds

BLANKETS of all kinds

MANTLES of all kinds

MANTLE CLOTHS of all kinds

FURS of all kinds

TWEEDS of all kinds

CLOTHING of all kinds

UNDERWEAR of all kinds

## SEE OUR

# HOOPER &

## NOTICE!

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Brackets, Scrolls, Frames Dressed Lumber, &c.

—manufactured by—

## E. F. VanLuven & Co.,

Bee-keepers can get sections at reduced prices by ordering now.

Order your outside sash at once and have them ready.

## TURNING DONE NEATLY.

Factory on the canal, next to Herring's foundry

2887ly

# Mc KENTY & CO Y GOODS BARGAIN HOUSE

—HAVE OPENED THIS WEEK—

er pair	A big stock of Grey Cottons from 4c up, 10 per cent better value than you can get elsewhere
9c, worth 30c	
Hose at 30c, regular	Piles of White Cottons at mill prices
Gloves at 50c, regular	A complete stock of fine Tweeds in new patterns very cheap
11 colors at 7½c per yd	A complete stock of Mens' and Boys underwear from 25 cents up
Black All-Wool Jersey	A job lot of Corsets, Standard makes from 35c up
light, at 20c per yard	A job lot of Ladies' Fine Wool and Cashmere Underwear at a little over half price
material and shadings in	
	A choice stock of Gents' Ties, Collars, Silk Handkerchiefs, Socks, Braces, etc, all new and nobby Good
of season, regular 10c	
c per yard up, the best	We are still the leading house of Napanee for Grey Flannels; do not buy till you see them. Navy, Scarlet and White Flannels, cheap and good

a clean, fresh and carefully bought stock of the newest and we will save you one-fifth on prices.

IS. WE ARE SELLING CHEAP

in the Harhw bl across the street from our old stand.  
Dry Goods House,  
**MAHEY, McKENTY & CO.**

## FREE EXHIBITION

—OF—

# S PRESENTS!

—AT—

## LLAGHER'S Notion Bargain House

**SPECIAL BARGAINS**  
ARE OFFERED AT  
**McLAUGHLIN'S**  
FROM NOW TO XMAS.

I AM OFFERING  
**Special Bargains!**  
In all lines of Groceries.

Be sure and bring in all your produce to me. I have a market for all kinds if quality is good. I have

**A Job Lot of Groceries**  
bought at a bargain, which will be sold  
**10 per cent less than their value**  
from now to January 1st.  
Remember the place.

**S. McLAUGHLIN,**  
Dealer in all kinds of Flour, Feed, Hay and Grain, Dundas-st, Napanee. 236ly

**UNDERTAKING AT MOSCOW.**

**MILES STORMS.**  
has had over forty years in the undertaking business in the county, and can turn out work equal to any in the Dominion.  
A large stock of Coffins, Caskets, Robes, Crape Gloves and Badges, constantly on hand, and all sold at reasonable prices.  
I also make a specialty of Embalming, giving this department my personal attention, thus removing all risk unpleasant odor or any changes of color.  
First-class hearse free of charge, will attend all funerals.  
2287lv  
**MILES STORMS,**  
Moscow.

**WILL SELL**  
ON AND  
**AFTER NOV 1, 1887**

**HONEY**—No. 1, extracted, by barrel or pound at 10 cents per lb.  
**TEA**—Bankrupt stock, at 20 per cent. below wholesale price.

**NOTION BARGAIN HOUSE**

**Welcome. No Trouble to Show Goods.**

graph Albums, A beautiful stock of Bisque Ornaments.  
 Sunday School An unapproachable stock of Dolls from 1  
 cent upwards.  
 kinds and prices An attractive line of the Poets.  
 mas Cards An immense stock of Bibles and Prayer  
 China Cups and Books  
 An elegant line of Gentlemen's Dressing Cases  
 and many other articles too numerous to  
 mention  
 Toy Books,  
 sh Toilet Cases  
 o old Stock, Our prices are the lowest. A call solicited.  
 ed by electricity. Open every evening till 9 o'clock.

**J. H. GALLAGHER'S**

and Notion Bargain House, opposite Aylsworth's Grocery Store.

**LOW PRICES**

HOSIERY of all kinds  
 GLOVES and MITTS of all  
 kinds  
 WOOL GOODS of all kinds  
 LACE CURTAINS of all  
 kinds  
 STAPLE GOODS of all kinds  
 GENTS FURNISHINGS of  
 all kinds  
 SILK HANDKERCHIEFS of  
 all kinds

**R STOCK  
 & DOXSEE**

2287ly

**DRY HARDWOOD,**

THE RATHBUN Co. have for sale a quantity of  
 dry hardwood,

**BEECH AND MAPLE,**

(all body wood which they will deliver to any part  
 of the town at

**\$4 PER CORD,**

or cut and split at \$5 per cord.

**RATHBUN CO.**

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**\$100,000 TO LOAN**

-AT-

**6 Per Cent Straight Loans,**

Re-payable at any time the bor-  
 rower chooses.

No Commissions and no fines  
 charged

**W. S. WILLIAMS.**

**NEW FRUIT!**

Our Christmas stock of New Fruit is now to hand, comprising :

NEW DEHESA RAISINS, very choice.

NEW LOOSE MUSCATE RAISINS.

NEW VALENCIA RAISINS.

NEW SEEDLESS RAISINS

NEW FIGS, Common and extra choice.

NEW CURRANTS

NEW SHELLED ALMONDS.

NEW TARRAGONA ALMONDS.

NEW FILBERTS.

NEW PEACANS.

NEW GRENOBLI WALNUTS, to arrive shortly.

CANDIED CITRON, ORANGE AND LEMON PEEL.

**FISH.**

We have just received some very choice boneless, pure Cod Fish, not  
 hake, in 2lb and 3lb boxes, and a fresh supply of Finnon Haddies which we  
 shall keep constantly on hand so long as cold weather lasts.

**M W PRUYN & SON**

Harshaw block, Napanee

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TEA—Bankrupt stock, at  
 20 per cent. below wholesale  
 price.

TEA—With books.

COFFEE—With silverware

APPLES—Dried and green.

FLOUR—Made from Mani-  
 toba wheat.

PORK—Fresh and salt at  
 lowest prices.

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**J. GIBBARD & SON,**



**Leading Undertakers of the  
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They turn out a better trimmed job than  
 other house, and keep all the latest improve-  
 ments connected with their business.

**Embalming a Specialty**

which prevents any unpleasant odors or any chan-  
 ge of color. 2287ly J. GIBBARD & SON

# HEALTH.

## Hunger.

This is a sensation which correctly indicates the real wants of the system, at least, if the stomach is in a normal condition. It was manifestly intended that this should fairly represent—as the thermometer does the temperature—to what extent the body has been wasted, its tissues actually destroyed, by exercise, physical and mental food being indicated by this “foodometer,” for the repair of such waste. Hard work, violent efforts, mental labors included, increase the appetite, simply because such unusual labors waste the tissues unusually.

On the other hand, if the usual amount of labor is diminished, there is naturally a diminished appetite, mercifully indicating a demand for less food. (It is for this reason that those who have been very active in business life, generally live but a short time after leading an indolent life, particularly those who do little save to eat and sleep. They overpower the organs of digestion, practically starve themselves. The digestive organs, in their debilitated state, being unable to appropriate enough to meet the wants of the system.)

On the principle of the formation of bad habits, by the use of intoxicants, tobacco, etc., the appetite may become so vitiated, so revolutionized, that what is regarded as hunger will not fairly represent the true wants of the system, never to be taken as a guide in the matter of food-taking. Thus, when one habitually uses too much food, more than the system demands, gradually learning to eat more by one-third than usual, a habit is formed, an abnormal appetite created, the result of which is an artificial hunger, or what is called hunger, in no sense reliable. A similar result is produced when rich and unnatural food is taken, food which satisfies a false appetite, this sensation of supposed hunger being no more reliable than the tobacco-user's desire for the “filthy weed.” Unnatural longings are induced by these causes, often mistaken for hunger, the gratification of which necessarily leads to dyspepsia and various digestive disturbances.

## The Pancreas.

The pancreas is a long and narrow organ, extending horizontally back of the upper part of the stomach. It is what in animals is called “the sweet bread.” Its office is to secrete one of the digestive fluids, called the pancreatic juice, which flows into the duodenum—that part of the intestines nearest the stomach. The pancreatic juice passes usually through the same duct that carries the bile, though sometimes it occupies a duct of its own.

In some respects it resembles saliva, and thus converts starch into sugar; unlike saliva, and like the gastric juice, it also digests albuminous food (flesh); and, still further, like the bile, it aids in digesting fat, forming an emulsion, and resolving it into glycerine and the fatty acids.

It will be seen that the pancreas is a very important organ, and yet less is known about its diseases than about those of any other organ of the body. Its proper symptoms are largely hidden by symptoms in other organs disturbed by it.

For instance, it may of itself give no sensation of pain, though greatly diseased; and yet the inflammation or irritation of the pancreas, extending to the neighboring “solar plexus,” a great number of nerves near the kidneys, may give rise to agonizing neuralgias.

The pancreas may be congested, and suffer a consequent hemorrhage, because of obstruction in the portal circulation—the circulation through the liver. It may become shrivelled (atrophied) from wasting disease;

the dilutant effect of water is often sufficient to eliminate an excess of alcohol from the blood, as after taking too much wine. Another effect of large draughts of water is to make the pulse slower, and to diminish slightly the normal temperature of the body.

Increase of weight has been claimed as a result of systematic water drinking on retiring for the night. The latest researches do not bear out this conclusion. Water thus taken will prevent any actual loss of weight, but it is not shown that it will do anything more. With the addition of a moderate stimulant, however, it has often a decidedly fattening effect.

## To Remove Warts.

The *Medical Press* says that warts may be removed by the use of magnesia taken internally: “It is fairly established that the common wart, which is so unsightly and often so proliferous on the hands and face, can be easily removed by small doses of sulphate of magnesia taken internally. M. Colrat, of Lyons, has drawn attention to this extraordinary fact. Several children treated with three-grain doses of Epsom salts morning and evening, were promptly cured. M. Aubert cites the case of a woman whose face was disfigured by these excrescences, and who was cured in a month by a drachm and a half of magnesia taken daily. An other medical man reports a case of very large warts which disappeared in a fortnight from the daily administration of ten grains of the salts.”

## Cure For a Bone-Felon.

Take the juice of the leaves of rue, one tablespoonful; good, strong soft soap, one tablespoonful; and the juice of one red onion; these three articles should be thoroughly mixed, then add a piece of alum and a piece of copperas, each the size of a small marble, finely pulverized; when the whole has been well mixed it is ready for application, by pouring it into a soft, thin leather bag or oil cloth to fit the diseased member, but not very tight, let it remain on till suppuration takes place. The time it takes this composition to produce suppuration depends on the length of time the felon has been in progress; but it will generally remove the pus from the bone in the course of two hours, when the suffering will cease.

## Disinfection of the Sick-Room.

In the sick-room no disinfectant can take the place of free ventilation and cleanliness. It is an axiom in sanitary science that it is impracticable to disinfect an occupied apartment, for the reason that disease-germs are not destroyed by the presence in the atmosphere of any known disinfectant in respirable quantity. Bad odours may be neutralised, but this does not constitute disinfection in the sense in which the term is here used. These bad odours are for the most part an indication of want of cleanliness or of proper ventilation; and it is better to turn contaminated air out of the window or up the chimney than to attempt to purify it by the use of volatile chemical agents, such as carbolic acid, chlorine, &c., which are all more or less offensive to the sick, and are useless so far as disinfection—properly so called—is concerned.

## Mont Blanc.

Mont Blanc may, perhaps, on account of its great height,—15,781 feet,—and its immense glaciers, of which the “Sea of Ice” is the largest, and which covers one hundred and four square miles, be called the most famous mountain in the world. This mountain celebrated its centenary this year: that is to say, the people of Chamon-

## The Little Church Covered With Ivy.

BY NORA LAUGHER.

One spot in the home of my girlhood  
Is graven on my memory still,  
The little church covered with ivy  
That stands at the foot o' the hill.

No place half so peaceful and prayerlike  
As that near the whirr of the mill  
On the bank of the rippling river  
That flows at the foot o' the hill.

I have seen many silvery streamlets,  
To me none so dear as this rill  
Which waters the English “God's Acre”  
That stands at the foot o' the hill.

I listen to far grander music  
Which never has power to thrill  
My soul, like the simple old anthems  
We sang at the church o' the hill.

Stored in my heart's garner no picture  
Could ever replace or refill  
The little church covered with ivy  
That stands at the foot o' the hill

## What Hath Life For Thee, Brother?

BY L. A. MORRISON, TORONTO.

Life hath days of peace  
For the pure in heart;  
And a sweet increase  
For all whose part  
Hath been well and truly done  
In love and faith before the sun,—  
Hath been well and truly done.

Do thy part;  
Let thy heart  
Be pure.

Life hath wealth unfold:  
Each bright brooklets runs  
Over sands of gold.  
Her faithful sons  
Shall be crowned each happy day;  
Who toil, and trust, and watch, and pray,  
Shall be crowned each happy day.

In thy place,  
—By His grace—  
Live right.

Life, with toiling past,  
Hath, through Jesus' Blood  
For us each, at last,  
Sweet rest in God:  
A Home by His dying won,—  
A “Crown of Life” for work “well done,”  
A Home by His dying won.

Trust in God,  
—Let the Flood  
Wash clean.

## Stray Lines in Other Lands.

I.—WAITING ON LONDON BRIDGE.

I stood there watching all the people,  
The throng that came and went  
Until the bells struck from the steeple  
And half the day was spent.

There came no face that smiled up to me,  
And yet I waited long;  
No well-remembered friend who knew me  
Of all the hurrying throng.

The river seaward ran beneath me,  
The increasing throng above,  
Nor was there one who would bequeath me  
A friendly look of love.

How little did I know that waiting  
Across the stormy sea,  
One by Heaven's gentle fating  
Was waiting there for me.

II.—AT HOLYROOD.

Alas for thee, poor Mary, Holyrood  
Is opened to the world—the coarse, the crude—  
The noisy Yankee and the ribald stare—  
At the damned grandeur of thy bed-chamber.  
Here by the window where the sun once shone  
So often on thee, Mary, in days gone—  
When you have slept aforesaid, murdered queen,  
Grief swells above for what all has been—  
Fate was it, Mary, that they should discover  
Thy secrets and kill thine Italian lover?  
There is a stain where his red blood did spill,  
A great black spot and it remains there still  
There is a stain, Queen, on thy life, time's river  
Will ne'er wash out, for it is stained forever.

III.—A RAIN SHOWER ON LAKE WINDERMERE.

neuritis.

The pancreas may be congested, and suffer a consequent hemorrhage, because of obstruction in the portal circulation—the circulation through the liver. It may become shrivelled (atrophied) from wasting disease; from diabetes; from pressure of other enlarged organs, or tumors, on it; from fatty degeneration; from old age.

Its ducts may be obstructed, and result in destruction. Calculi may form in it. Cancer may attack it.

It will be sufficiently evident from this catalogue of maladies of the pancreas, many of which may easily be mistaken by the patient for a liver trouble, or a disorder of some other organ, that all such disturbances of the system should have the faithful care of an experienced physician.

Persons who "doctor themselves" may guess rightly what ails them, but they are quite as likely to guess the wrong disease, and they may even be in error as to the organ that is out of order.

### Positions that Affect Sleep.

According to Dr. Granville the position affects sleep. A constrained position generally prevents repose, while a comfortable one woos sleep. He says lying flat on the back with the limbs relaxed would seem to secure the greatest amount of rest for the muscular system.

This is the position assumed in the most exhausting diseases, and it is generally hailed as a token of revival when a person voluntarily turns on the side; but there are several advantages in the supine posture which impair or embarrass sleep. Thus, in weakly states of the heart and blood vessels and certain morbid conditions of the brain the blood seems to gravitate to the back of the head and to produce troublesome dreams.

In persons who habitually in their gait or work stoop, there is probably some distress consequent on straightening the spine. Those who have contracted chests, especially persons who have had pleurisy and retain adhesions of the lungs, do not sleep well on the back.

Nearly all who are inclined to snore do so in that position, because the soft palate and uvula bang on the tongue, and that organ falls back so as to partly close the top of the windpipe. It is better, therefore, to lie on the side, and in the absence of special diseases rendering it desirable to lay on the weak side so as to leave the healthy lung free to expand, it is well to use the right side, because when the body is thus placed the food gravitates more easily out of the stomach into the intestines, and the weight of the stomach does not compress the upper portion of the intestines.

A glance at any of the visceral anatomy will show how this must be. Many persons are deaf in one ear and prefer to lie on a particular side, but, if possible, the right side should be chosen. Again, sleeping with the arms thrown over the head is to be deprecated, but this position is often assumed during sleep, because circulation is then free in the extremities, and the head and neck and muscles of the chest are drawn up and fixed by the shoulders, and thus the expansion of the thorax is easy.

The chief objection to these positions is that they create a tendency to cramp and cold in the arms, and sometimes seem to cause headaches during sleep and dreams. These small matters often make or mar comfort in sleeping.

### Water as a Medicine.

Ordinary drinking water, if taken in large quantities, acts as a solvent and diuretic, and also increases the perspiration if the temperature of the air be high. Taken in the quantity of one or two quarts at a time,

mense glaciers, of which the "Sea of Ice" is the largest, and which covers one hundred and four square miles, be called the most famous mountain in the world. This mountain celebrated its centenary this year: that is to say, the people of Chamounix, at the mountain's foot, have celebrated the hundredth anniversary of its ascent by Benedict de Saussure, an illustrious man of science, who was the first to climb Mont Blanc. Chamounix has erected a monument to De Saussure, which has just been dedicated, and it will also raise one to Jacques Balmat, who was De Saussure's guide on the occasion of his first ascent in April, 1787.

De Saussure was a botanist, and his botanical studies at the base of the mountain had given him a strong desire to climb to the summit. It was no idle curiosity which prompted him, but a desire to obtain a knowledge of the geological laws which had governed the formation of the chain of the Alps, which fixed the age of its granites and limestones, and would explain the composition and apparent disorder of its ledges.

Two Englishmen, Pococke and Wyndham by name, had attempted the ascent before. They came with a retinue of baggage-bearers, and even with soldiers, and were dressed, for some unknown reason, in Arab costume. They ascended no further than the timidest travellers now climb, and were then compelled to turn back.

Having finally provided himself with hardy mountaineers for guides, De Saussure set out for the summit. He was gone four days. Almost at the outset a terrible avalanche swept away one of his guides.

Presently the rarity of the air began to tell on the whole party. After throwing three or four shovelfuls of snow that lay in their path, the men would sink down exhausted. The wilderness of glaring snow blinded them; the thinness of the air made their ears buzz, and they became the victims of fears and hallucinations.

Their food was soon frozen. Fearing every step might be their last, the men faltered, but De Saussure urged them on and on.

Finally, the last precipice was climbed. Could the men believe their eyes? They were at the summit. De Saussure has left an account of his impressions, in which he says:

"It seemed to me like a dream when I saw below me the majestic summits, the redoubtable peaks of the other Alps, whose very bases had been difficult and dangerous of approach to me.

"I noted their position, their relations, their structure; a single glance resolved the doubts that I had been trying years to clear up."

De Saussure died in 1799, so that he has been a long time awaiting his monument. Jacques Balmat, who accompanied him, became a famous Mont Blanc guide. Once, with only his staff, abandoned by his companions, Balmat spent three days at the top of the mountain. Since De Saussure, nearly eight hundred travellers have climbed to the summit where he was the pioneer.

A man who attended fifty bull fights in Spain was asked the other day why he went to so many. "In the hope that I might see one of the bull fighters killed," he answered. "The sport is so brutal and cruel that I wanted to see the men who are the cause of this brutality receive a just compensation for their work."

The Chambers of Commerce of Milan, Pavia, Vicenza, Sienna, and Ravenna have sent to the Italian Merchants' Exchange of San Francisco for samples of seed of alfalfa and millet, with the idea of trying to introduce them into Italy.

A great black spot and it remains there still  
There is a stain, Queen, on thy life, time's river  
Will ne'er wash out, for it is stained forever.

### III.—A RAIN-SHOWER ON LAKE WINDERMERE.

The pearly drops of rain  
Are falling once again  
Flowers and leaf it softly drenches  
In the dark green chestnut branches.

And the mist drops brightly twinkling  
Fall on dried leaves half unwrinkling,  
Fall here and there and come  
To this red-flowered geranium.

A gold-finch where the branches swing  
Flies with its flitting yellow wing,  
A little wanderer  
Without a thought, without a care.

Here the hill-top rises proud  
In the green-shot folds of cloud;  
There Windermere's unruffled sheen  
Shines through the leafy sprays of green.

MARGUERITE KEITH.

### Phenomenal.

"Oh, George!" cried young Mrs. Mer-ry, running to meet her husband at the door. "I've something the best to tell you."

"No?" said George; "what is it?"

"Why, don't you think—the baby can talk! Yes, sir, actually talk! He's said ever and ever so many things. Come right into the nursery and hear him."

George went in.

"Now baby," said mamma persuasively, "talk some for papa. Say 'How do you do, papa?'"

"Goo, goo, goo, goo," says baby.

"Hear him!" shrieks mamma, ecstatically. "Wasn't that just as plain as plain can be?"

George says it is, and tries to think so, too.

"Now say, 'I'm glad to see you, papa.'"

"Da, da, boo, bee, boo."

"Did you ever?" cries mamma. "He can just say anything! Now you precious little honey bunny boy, say, 'Are you well, papa?'"

"Boo, ba, de, goo, goo."

"There it is," said mamma. "Did you ever know a child of his age who could really talk as he does? He can just say anything he wants to; can't you, you own dear little darling precious, you?"

"Goo, goo, dee, dee, di, goo."

"Hear that? He says, 'Of course I can,' just as plainly as anybody could say it. Oh, George, it really worries me to have him so phenomenally bright. These very brilliant babies nearly always die young."

### Abstract Ideas.

Very often parents and teachers are grievously disappointed on finding that, in spite of all their patient explanation and convincing arguments, which have been received without question or dissent, the practical conduct of their charges is in direct opposition. They think that they have failed in the manner of presenting the subject, and hasten to make fresh efforts, with perhaps no better success. Their mistake may be traced to an undue reliance on abstract ideas. While it is well to cultivate a child's thinking powers and to call his attention at times to the relation between knowing and doing, it should never be forgotten that such general ideas can dawn upon him only by very slow degrees, and can operate as a motive force only in rare cases and in small measure.

A work done in our sight by another directs us better in the practice of it; it is more acceptable and of more powerful efficacy to reform us than admonition by word.

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## VARIETIES.

The Presbytery of Dallas (Texas), says the New York Independent, has just ordained and received into full membership a negro graduate of Lincoln University. He passed as thorough an examination as any white man in Hebrew, Greek and Latin, the sciences, philosophy, theology, Church history and then preached an extemporaneous sermon which all said was unusually fine. He has full and equal rights in the Presbytery and nobody is hurt. Now, that is Christian and is an argument against driving negroes into separate bodies. Of course it is, and yet, if such a man as referred to were seeking admission into some of our theological halls in Toronto would he be sure of receiving a hearty welcome?

There are no greater sinners against a country's welfare than those who would encourage the maintenance of more than one language within its borders, for there is no greater cause of national weakness than diversity of tongues. Wherever the English flag flies there should the English tongue be the official one, and wherever there is an English colony, there nothing but English should be used in the schools or in the courts of law. All are welcome to come to such lands, but it should be on one distinct understanding, that their children must go to schools where English is the common and official tongue. If people cannot submit to such a condition, all right. Let them stay away from the country. Don't let them come and then grumble of hardship. Whether it be Gaelic or French, or German, or Swedish or anything else it does not matter. In schools and courts English ought to be supreme. Gaelic is dying out. Let it die. It may have been the language of Paradise. It is not going to be the language of Canada. So of French. To have two special Canadian languages is worse than absurd. It is criminal. In short to encourage the permanence of different languages in any country is to encourage and promote national disintegration.

To all appearance the end of the old German Emperor is at hand. He tries to go forth and shake himself as at other times, but, poor old man, the effort makes the real facts of the case only more apparent. He no doubt rallies after his different attacks of illness, but with the weight of ninety years upon his head it is not to be expected that such rallies should be more than the mere sudden flickering before the light finally goes out. It is generally felt that his death, along with the sickness, and it is to be feared, fatal sickness of his son, will greatly endanger the peace of the world. Bismarck is old, no doubt, but he is not yet used up, and with young Prince William as Emperor he may carry through another war with France, to make, as he says, the Fatherland finally and for a long time secure. He thinks, so goes the rumor, that war is inevitable, and that the present is just as suitable a time for it as can be expected. He is bound to bleed France white if it is time, and his opportunity comes when his old master disappears. It is very horrible to think of people calmly speculating on a European war, with all its horrors, and arranging for it coming on at an early date. When will men be wise and try to settle their differences in a more reasonable way?

Another of those disgraceful whisky riots has taken place in London the little. It would seem that the friends of free whisky are bound by every means in their power to bring themselves and their cause into discredit. Surely every man is entitled to protection against mob violence. Even a criminal who has been caught red handed is protected by all the strength the executive

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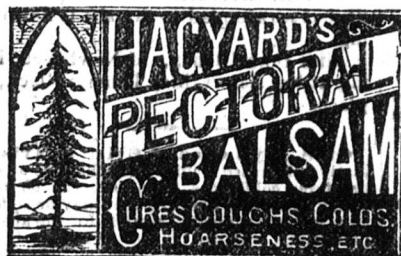
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Mrs Jos. Eyre, Kimbals, Ont., removing growths from nose.

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Miss M. Cornish, Wallaceburg, Ont., Asthma and Consumption.

Mrs. McLandress, Iona, Ont., Catarrh of the Throat.

Mrs. J. Lanning and son, Kingston, Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness.

Mrs. Ralph Chamber, Aylmer, Ont., Catarrh, throat.

Mrs. James Emberson, Napanee, Ont., Bronchitis, long standing.

John A. Little, Dundalk, Ont., Catarrh.

John E. Kersey, Badgeroes P. O., Ont., Catarrh, bad form.

A. D. Uria's son, Wallacetown, Ont., Catarrh, head and throat.

Robert Menzies, Wareham, Ont., Catarrh, head and throat.

Mrs. F. Scott, Stirling, Ont., Catarrh, throat, long standing.

Edith Pierce, Strathroy, Ont., Enlarged tonsils.

W. Lindsay, Petrolea, Ont., Catarrh.

Mrs. John Tait, Vyner, Ont., Catarrh, head and throat.

Mr. R. Noble, Jeweller and Watchmaker, Petrolea, Catarrh, throat.

H. McColl, P. M., Strathroy, Ont., Bronchial consumption.

Thos. Edward Elliott, Thomasburg, Ont., Catarrh cured.

Mrs. Sullivan, Herchmer St., Belleville, Catarrh and growth successfully treated.

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credit. Surely every man is entitled to protection against mob violence. Even a criminal who has been caught red handed is protected by all the strength the executive can exert against mob violence or lynch law. It is one of the very first principles of civilization that it is in every way to be prevented that people should take the law into their own hands. If the men who were mobbed in London had been horse thieves they would have been protected from violence so as to let law have its solemn and regular course. But because they were detectives acting under the sanction of law and seeking to make the Scott Act effective, the officials then, like their brethren in Woodstock, winked hard and allowed the unfortunates to be half killed. Such wisecracks may find themselves brought up by a sharp turn. Mr. Mowat has lately informed them that all officials are bound to uphold every law in the statute book whether they approve of it or not. It surely did not require a Premier to lay down as a great principle what seems the very tritest and most evident of axioms. Still it is well that officials who have a natural sympathy for whiskey and lawlessness should understand that they tread on dangerous ground when they cease to enforce any law which has not received their personal endorsement.

Russia never gives up any of her schemes. She may have to hold them in abeyance for a longer or a shorter period. She may have to give up talking about them, but she never gives up thinking, and in due time she shows that if all things are not made to work together for good, everything is turned to issue eventually for her advancement. She can wait, she can appear to recede. But all the same she waits her time, and when the hour strikes she is ready. Constantinople is the prize she keeps steadily in view. She has been looking and longing for it more than a hundred years and she is as determined as ever upon securing it. One of her diplomatists lately put the matter in the following way:—'Constantinople is destined to be ours; we shall have it by envelopment. European Turkey is so largely Slavic that we shall expand into all that region; and the people, Roumanians, Bulgarians, Bosnians, Servians, will be one with us, to the banks of the Dardanelles and the Sea of Marmora. Nothing can keep Russia back in that direction. The people are already Russian. They will welcome us as deliverers from the Turks. Europe can never object to the gradual and healthy expansion of an empire. If any nation seizes upon any great strategic point, then it becomes a European question. Russia attempted that, and will never repeat her mistake. But, when Russia shall have gradually expanded into European Turkey on one side, and into Asiatic Turkey on the other, so as to envelop Constantinople, into whose hands will it fall? The wisest and most moderate statesmen of Russia know well that she is not ready for that great possession. To have it now might cause great and dangerous divisions. The later it comes the better. It is the military element of the Government that is rash and impatient. But our Czar will never be forced by it into conflicts with Europe. Constantinople will give to Russia certain rights, for which she must contend until she attains them. She must have a free, untrammelled passage through the Bosphorus and the Dardanelles for her commerce and her fleet, with no frowning forts on their shores. When Russia has all that, there is one thing further. We shall then dispute with England the passage through Egypt, if we do not get her Indian empire through Afghanistan. That Russia is bound to have, because she alone knows how to govern the people of the empire.'

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" Northport 8:30 "	" Northport 5:00 "
" Belleville 10:30 "	" Deseronto 5:45 "
Arr. Trenton 11:30 "	Arr. Picton... 7:00 "

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" Deseronto 7:00 "	" Deseronto 3:30 "
Arr. Picton... 8:30 "	Arr. Napanee... 6:20 "

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Time Table, No. 12.

In Effect May 16, 1887.

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**TRAINS GOING NORTH.**

STATIONS.	No. 2. No. 4	
	A.M.	P.M.
Napanee.....Leave	10 30	4 45
Napanee Mills....."	10 45	5 00
Newburgh....."	10 57	5 06
Thompson's Mills*...."	11 05	5 13
Camden East....."	11 10	5 18
Yarker....."	11 25	5 25
Colebrook....."	11 30	5 37
Galbraith Road....."	11 35	5 43
Varty Lake* (Excursion Ground)		
Moscow....."	11 40	5 50
Mudlake Bridge*....."	11 50	6 00
Enterprise....."	12 00	6 05
Wilson's Crossing*...."	12 05	6 13
Tamworth.....Arrive	12 20	6 25

**GOING SOUTH.**

STATIONS	No. 1. No. 3.	
	A.M.	P.M.
Tamworth.....Leave	6 45	2 15
Wilson's Crossing*...."	6 55	2 25
Enterprise....."	7 00	2 35
Mudlake Bridge*....."	7 07	2 45
Moscow....."	7 15	2 50
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground)		
Galbraith Road*....."	7 25	3 00
Colebrook*....."	7 35	3 02
Yarker....."	7 30	3 05
Camden East....."	7 45	3 20
Thompson's Mills*...."	7 50	3 27
Newburgh....."	7 55	3 35
Napanee Mills....."	8 05	3 45
Napanee.....Arrive.	8 20	4 00

**STAGE CONNECTIONS.**—Camden East for Centreville and Desmond, Yarker for Petworth, Enterprise for Belrock & Verona, Tamworth for Erinville daily, and for Arden tri-weekly, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, upon arrival of No. 2 train.

\* Stop only when passengers at or for. The Conductor will collect FIVE CENTS extra from all not supplied with a ticket excepting those who get on at a Flag Station. No Return Tickets issued on the train.

This Time Table shows the times at which the trains may be expected to arrive at and depart from the several stations; but, as the punctuality of trains depends on connection with other lines, the arrivals and departures at the time stated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for delay or any inconvenience arising therefrom.

**R. C. CARTER, H. B. SHERWOOD, E. W. RATHBUN**  
Asst. Gen. Man. Superintendent, Gen. Man.

# HOUSEHOLD.

## Indoor Amusement for Children.

The woodbox will afford one if it is full of sticks, split or round, of different kinds of wood. Let the little folks take out the sticks, one by one, and bring them to you to name. Oilnut, oak, maple, birch, beech, elm, hemlock, and ash wood may be in that pile in the box, and even the little six-year-old can easily be taught to detect and correctly name some of the varieties. The smooth, mottled bark of the beech, the ragged shreds of the yellow and gray birch, and the color and crystal beads of pitch gum of the pine and hemlock when in round sticks. Sections of limbs are sure guides of their kind and easy to name, but not so always when the wood is in split sticks, without a tell-tale half-inch of bark surface.

Perhaps you cannot tell a chip of maple wood from one of elm or beech. If so, you can study the contents of the woodbox and chip basket with your children. Tell them elm wood and sound rock maple and oak wood, whether in split or round sticks, seldom snap when burning, and are comparatively safe for night fires in open, deep fireplaces. Tell them if they want to burn big holes in mamma's carpet and rugs, to lay butternut and poplar and soft-wood pine, cedar or hemlock on the open fire and let the sticks pop live coals right and left, as well as straight ahead from the grate.

Tell them an old nurse, many years ago, burned a house and seven poor people in it one night because she could not tell one kind of wood from another. She rolled a great backlog of butternut wood on to the andirons of the big fireplace one evening for a night fire to keep warm a little new baby and its mother, believing the log was of elm wood, and when they were all asleep a live coal snapped out and burned and smoldered away in the floor till it blazed into fierce, leaping flames that roared and rushed so terribly swift, that all the people up stairs were burned in their beds.

I once saw a woman camp down one night on a thick cotton comfortable spread before an open grate, while watching with a sick child. She knew so little about wood she thought one kind was as safe as another, and did not think the poplar sticks she had just laid on the fire would snap and throw coals, but they did, and if the child had not roused with the dense smudge of burning cotton, no doubt the smoldering puff would soon have blazed and done terrible mischief.

I know a little boy who has a boxful of sections of different woods. He is always on the lookout for a new specimen and has a bit of every kind of tree or shrub he can find in his father's fields and woods. When visitors come, he delights in showing them his collection of woods, and in having them puzzle over the pretty cubes and cylinders of wood, and if they mistake a kind he is quick to know it.

This indoor study of chips and wood brought in to replenish winter fires will amuse the children when time hangs heavy, and by close notice of bark and fibre and grain and smell and color and slivering of wood they will soon learn to detect the common kinds from each other, and, perhaps, wake to such an interest in the study, that when summer time again comes, they will commence a collection of native woods, and the green growing trees and shrubs will bear to them new, keen interest.

## Cleaning Lamps.

Cleaning the lamps is very apt to be put off until the latter part of the day, as they seem able to wait attention better than some other things. In many households the

**CUSTARD PIE.**—One pint of milk, three eggs, one tablespoonful of sugar, salt; flavor with extract of lemon.

**APPLE FRITTERS.**—Stir into one quart of milk thin slices of apple, two teaspoons of baking powder, a little salt, and two eggs; add flour to make a stiff batter and drop by the spoonful into hot lard; sift sugar over them while hot.

**MAHOGANY CAKES.**—One pint of milk, one and one-half pints of flour, two eggs, piece of butter the size of an egg, salt; bake in cups.

## Mutton Suet as a Household Remedy.

It is very vexing and annoying, indeed, to have one's lips all break out with cold sores, but, like the measles, it is far better to have the cold strike out than to strike in. A drop of warm mutton suet applied to the sores at night, just before retiring, will soon cause them to disappear. This is also an excellent remedy for parched lips and chapped hands. It should be applied at night in the liquid state, and be well rubbed and heated in before a brisk fire, which often causes a smarting sensation, but the roughest of hands, by this treatment, will often be restored to their natural condition by one application. If every one could but know the healing properties of so simple a thing as a little mutton suet, no housekeeper would ever be without it. Get a little from your butcher, fry it out yourself, run into small cakes, and put away ready for use. For cuts and bruises it is almost indispensable, and where there are children there are always plenty of cuts and bruises. Many a deep gash that would have frightened most women into sending for a physician at once, I have healed with no other remedies than a little mutton suet and plenty of good castile soap. A wound should always be kept clean, and the bandages changed every day, or every other day. A drenching of warm soap suds from the purest soap that can be obtained is not only cleansing but healing; then cover the surface of the wound with a bit of old white muslin dipped into melted mutton suet. Renew the drenching and the suet every time the bandages are changed, and you will be astonished to see how rapidly the ugliest wound will heal.

## He Was Only An Englishman.

A certain Englishman went by ship to France about the beginning of this century. He was very stout and paralytic, and when he came on board glared morosely—as paralytic gentlemen sometimes will—at the officials who addressed him. As for answering them, he never dreamed of doing such a thing. The idea never entered his head; and the two liveried footmen, both Frenchmen, who supported him, had to explain as best they could the stolid silence of their master. "*C'est un Anglais—voilà tout*"—"He is an Englishman—that is all"—they whispered to the astonished captain. The ship was no sooner in motion than his servants hurried him off to his private cabin, and arranged him so that he could go to sleep. The winds blew, the waves dashed over the ship, the footmen were horribly ill, but the paralytic gentleman lay in his berth like an infant slumbering in its cradle. It was observed by the sailors that his cabin reeked of tobacco, and the presumption was that while the hurricane was at its height he had been aroused, and had indulged in a good smoke. At last port was reached, and the footmen, finding their master still stretched out at full length, had to raise him up unceremoniously and remove him from the ship. Still the same silence and the same forbidding glare. Was it a foreboding of the terrible fate that now awaited him? After his bags had been examined at the Custom-house, the two treacherous men-

## ROYAL WEDDING GIFTS.

### The Emperor of China's Presents to His Bride—Curious Selections.

The choice of the bride for the young Emperor of China has at last been made, and in due time the daughter of the Duke of Chao, the brother of the present Empress, will be Empress of the Celestial Empire. Although the wedding will probably not take place before 1889, thousands of hands are already busy with the lady's trousseau and wedding presents, which have probably never been equalled in wealth at any other court.

The following are the presents which the young Emperor is presenting his fiancée before their marriage, after the actual engagement present which consists of a gold seal, richly inlaid with jewels, the handle being formed by two gold dragons. Up to a month previous to the wedding the lady is presented with ten piebald horses, with complete trappings; ten gilt helmets and cuirasses, 100 pieces of satin of the first quality, and 200 pieces of cotton material. As wedding presents the bride receives 200 ounces of gold, 10,000 ounces (taels) of silver, 1 gold tea service, consisting of teapot and 1 cup, with a lid; 1 silver tea service, 2 silver wash basins, 1,000 pieces of satin of the best quality, 20 horses with complete trappings, 20 horses without trappings, 20 saddles for pack horses and mules.

The parents of the lady receive also 100 ounces of gold, one gold tea set, 5,000 taels silver, one silver tea set one silver wash basin, 500 pieces of silk, 1,000 pieces of cotton material, six horses completely harnessed, a helmet and cuirass, a bow and a quiver with arrows, each parent one court dress for summer and one for winter, one every-day dress, and a sable coat. The brothers and servants of the bride also receive rich and costly presents.

The bride's hats are the most remarkable articles among the rich trousseau. The winter court hat has a rim of sable, the crown is made of red velvet, from the centre of which rises a button composed of three parts, each of which is ornamented with three small oblong pearls of particular beauty, and seventeen ordinary pearls, while in the centre of each part another splendid pearl is set in gold, and surmounted by a gold phoenix. The button is surrounded by seven gold phoenixes, of which each is inlaid with seven large and twenty-one small pearls and a cat's eye.

At the back of the hat, below the button, a gold pheasant is placed with one cat's eye and sixteen pearls. The tail of the pheasant is divided into five parts by 302 small and five large pearls, forming a pendant, the centre of which is made of a *lapis lazuli*, surrounded by pearls. At the end of the pendant a big coral is suspended. A collar is fastened at the back to the hat, the outside of which is of sable, the inside of bright yellow material, with velvet ribbons embroidered at the end with diamonds.

The three gala court dresses are of a dark blue color, with borders of gold embroidery, and large dragons embroidered all over the dresses, while down the front are sewn in gold thread the words "Wan-Fu" (eternal happiness) and "Wan-Shou" (eternal life). The necklaces and chains are of an enormous value, and composed for the most part of pearls, turquoises, corals, and diamonds. A handkerchief which is worn in the belt is green, richly embroidered, trimmed with tassels of jewels and yellow ribbons.

A gala apron of red and blue satin, trimmed with otter skin and embroidered in gold, dragon fans, and skirts of many different kinds are also a part of this gorgeous outfit, and the furniture for the future Em-

Cleaning the lamps is very apt to be put off until the latter part of the day, as they seem able to wait attention better than some other things. In many households the dusk of early evening reminds the hurrying housewife that her lamps are still neglected, and she then fills them hastily and is obliged to light one at once. This is wrong, because the vapor of the oil about a freshly-filled lamp is liable to explosion. A lamp should be filled at least two thirds in depth, and one which has but a spoonful or two of oil in it should never be lighted, as the empty oil space is filled with explosive vapor.

Lamps filled to overflowing are very uncleanly, soiling everything brought in contact with them; and to most persons, the odor of kerosene is extremely unpleasant. A lamp-wick should fit exactly into its space and should be kept clean. When it becomes black from the sediment in the lamp, it must be thrown away, or washed and dried before using again. When nearly burned away, a wick may be lengthened by a fold of cotton flannel, which, reaching to the bottom of the lamp, will feed the wick as the oil burns out. It is not best to put strips of red flannel or yarn into a lamp, as the inside should be colorless, that any impurities may be seen. If such appear, wash the wick, empty and cleanse the oil reservoir.

A burner sometimes becomes so clogged that it does not allow perfect combustion of the oil. In such a case, remove it from the lamp, place in cold water in which a sliced potato has been added and boil an hour or so; rub with a dry cloth, when it will be entirely clean and bright as new. To keep the chimneys shining and clear, nothing is better than daily washing them in soap and water and rubbing them clear with a soft cloth free from lint; old print is good for this purpose. A small sponge attached to a stick is convenient for washing lamp chimneys.

Hanging lamps are best to use where there are small children to endanger upsetting. Common table lamps and small metal hand lamps on a broad saucer-like base are the most safe to carry about, as it is nearly impossible to overturn or break one.

### Contributed Recipes.

**CHILLI SAUCE.**—Two very large ripe tomatoes, two onions, two green peppers, all chopped fine; two tablespoons of salt, two cups of vinegar, two tablespoons of sugar; boil one hour. If the vinegar is very strong, use two cups to one of water, more sugar and less salt, and simmer half-an-hour longer. You will have a sauce that will even be an improvement to grange beans, a dish that is always highly complimented.

**LEMON TAPIOCA.**—Three tablespoons tapioca soaked in cold water till it can be stirred to a mixture of the appearance of milk. Let it come slowly to boiling, and boil till clear as a jelly; then add one cup white sugar, quarter of a teaspoonful of salt and the juice of one large lemon, or two small ones. To be eaten cold, with milk or cream and sugar if desired; but it is very nice without.

**CRACKER PIES.**—Four common crackers, one cup of water, one cup of molasses, one cup of sugar, one cup of raisins, one half cup of melted butter; add spice as for mince pies.

**LEMON PIES.**—One lemon, one cracker, one cup of sugar, one egg and one cup of water; grate the rind of the lemon and add the juice.

**MOCK APPLE PIE.**—The juice of two lemons, two cups of sugar, two cups of water, three soda crackers rolled, and three eggs; season with nutmeg.

the same forbidding glare. Was it foreboding of the terrible fate that now awaited him? After his bags had been examined at the Custom-house, the two treacherous menials hurried the fat and paralytic Englishman to a hotel, took off all his clothes, and then proceeded to cut off his face and hands! But such was the phlegm of the paralytic man that he neither spoke nor uttered cry, nor did one muscle so much as quiver. This perhaps was not so strange as might at first appear when it is explained that the corpulent cripple was in the hands, not of two footmen, but of two smugglers disguised as such, and that he consisted—with the exception of his hands and face, which were wax—entirely of tobacco, which in the garb of a human being was thus introduced free of duty into the sunny land of France.

### Life in Siberia.

The Russian policy of banishing troublesome citizens to Siberia has been one of the worst features of the Czar's despotic government. To those accustomed to good society, and to comfortable habits of living, such an exile is a living death. The severity of the climate, the cruelty of the officials, the general character of the people, and the separation from old friends, make the life of banishment almost intolerable.

But recent travellers in this dreary land bring to light some facts which mitigate the evil of the cruel exile. The families of the banished prisoners are permitted to join them, as the government argues wisely that a prisoner will be more contented, and less inclined to engage in new plots, if family life is re-established.

There are also opportunities of acquiring wealth, by working in the mines, or engaging in overland commerce. One exile, by birth the son of a serf, who had large business capacity, became a millionaire by establishing the overland tea trade.

Others have been equally fortunate in other branches of business, so that a few, a very few, of the prisoners prefer to remain in their new home when the long sentence of exile has expired.

### Unconventional People.

Everybody has encountered the people who take to themselves what they suppose to be the credit of being unconventional, who offer a statement of that fact as the sufficient excuse for all sorts of violations of good breeding and social rules, and who assume the license to do as they please, as if they had the power to lift themselves above the authority of ordinary canons of behaviour. It is a pity that these foolishly self-blinded and, for the most part, decidedly unpleasant people cannot be made to see their conduct in its true aspect. It should not be forgotten that society is, in a sense, in an artificial state. Whatever general natural principles underlie it, its formulated rules are purely arbitrary, and it is, in effect, a conventional arrangement. It follows that one who wishes to take part in its social life must accept its conditions. To attempt to be unconventional in society is an anomaly and a contradiction of terms.

### Appropriate Mottoes.

**Hotel Keeper.**—"I want to put up some sort of a notice to keep guests out of the back hall. Some of them have got into the kitchen, and the chief cook is very jealous of his professional secrets."

**Friend.**—"Send out and get a 'No admittance' sign."

**Hotel Keeper.**—"That sounds too harsh. I want something which won't look so much like a regular order—some motto or other."

**Friend.**—"Oh, put over the kitchen door 'Ignorance is bliss.'"

med with other skin and embroidered in gold, dragon fans, and skirts of many different kinds are also a part of this gorgeous outfit, and the furniture for the future Empress is keeping every trade brisk throughout China.

### Turkish Superstition.

Some curious stories of Turkish superstition are related by the anonymous author of *Stambul und das moderne Turkenthum*, the most light-giving of recent works on the internal condition of the Turkish Empire. The mysterious caprice with which distinguished arrivals at Constantinople are treated by the Sultan and his ministers is explained by an anecdote told of the well-known astronomer Peters, when he visited Constantinople in 1850 with letters of introduction from Humboldt and other eminent men of science. He found it impossible to proceed with the mission with which he was charged, because on the same day that he was presented to the Grand Vizier, Reshid Pasha, by the German ambassador, the man-of-war *Nusretie* was blown up in the arsenal. "This Frankish astronomer," the Grand Vizier is reported to have said, "either knew that the explosion was going to take place or did not know. In the former event he is a mischievous person for not warning us; in the latter he is an impostor;" and forthwith the word was passed that Peters was not to be encouraged or assisted. Sometimes a visitor unconsciously carries his condemnation in his name. In the reign of Abdul Aziz no one was more persistently snubbed at Court than Dr. Muhlig, physician to the German Embassy; and all because the Turks pronounced his name "Muchlik, which in Arabic means 'murderer.'"

### Scene at an Irish Wake.

Clanty—"It's th' purty cor-r-rpse."  
Kelly—"It's a shem th' good man shlip-ped his fwhishte!"

Mullin—"Th' handiest man on th' wur-r-rk wik a hod, Mrs. Cleary—t'anks—me poipe is full."

O'Shane (under his breath)—"Thim handles is afther costin' not liss than six shillings Oi'm layin' me bets!"

Farrel—(also whispering)—"Sivin! They do be th' price tag on that wan nigh Phelim's lift feet!"

Mrs. Cleary—"Whirra, whirra, whirra! Oh, phy, oh, phy did he doie?—who-ee—who-oo! (Lave a sup in th' jug, John O'Shane; yer bethers is afther havin' t'roats as well as yersilf.) Who-ee—who-oo!"

Young Health Officer (coming in)—"What did the deceased die of, my good woman?"

Mrs. Cleary—"Plain innocence, doc-th'er!"

Health Officer—"Innocence? There's no such disease in materia medica!"

Mrs. Cleary—"Hang yer Frinch galley-woggle; it was plain innocence, Oi tell yez! Riley lift th' thrap-dure open on th' t'ird story av Dineen's new build'n, an' poor Phelim hang th' bit he knew it!"

### Honest and True.

This is eminently the case with Polson's NERVILINE, the great pain cure. It is an honest remedy, for it contains the most powerful, the purest, and most certain pain subduing remedies known to medical science. It is honest, for it does all it claims to do. It is honest, because it is the best in the world. It only costs 10 or 25 cents to try it, and you can buy a bottle at any drug store. Nerviline cures toothache, neuralgia, pain in the back and side. All pains are promptly relieved by Polson's Nerviline.

## A WONDERFUL SUCCESS.

The following are a few of the many testimonials received by the Breadmakers' Yeast Company:

I bought a package of your yeast from our Grocer, and am happy to say that I think it altogether superior to anything of the kind in the market. It rises quicker, makes lighter and sweeter bread than any yeast I have tried yet and I think I must have tried them all, and I intend using yours for the future.—MISS ELLA LAVIS, Prescott.

I have tried your yeast. I am fourteen years old and never did a baking before, but I have baked with your yeast to-day according to directions, and had excellent bread.—MISS E. WIDEMAN, Stouffville.

I am a little girl 13 years old. I never baked before. I did it with your yeast and father says he thought mother was the best bread maker in the country; he says that I made from your yeast as sweet bread as ever he ate. My name is Mary M. Palmer.—MR. JOSIAH PALMER, Sebright P.O., Ont.

I bought a package of your yeast and have tried it and like it very much. I have been baking bread for the last 24 years, and I find it to be superior to any other yeast I have ever used.—MRS. H. RUSHTON, Dundas.

I am a young girl but twelve years old and have tried your yeast cakes and can say that they are excellent. I don't see why any young girl cannot learn to bake nice bread if she uses Breadmaker's Yeast. Our folks are delighted with my bread.—SYLVIA HAMMOND, Villa Nova.

### Justifiable Generosity.

"Take a cigar with me, boys?"  
"Are they on a boy or a girl?"  
"Neither."  
"What's happened, then?"  
"Oh, I spent an evening at Simpson's, where they have both a boy and a girl, and I'm setting 'em up because I have neither."

### Inventions of the 19th Century.

The steamboat, the reaper, the sewing machine, Cars run ing by night and by day, Houses lighted by gas and heated by steam, And bright electricity's ray.

The telegraph's click speeds like lightning released, Then the telephone comes to excel it; And, to put on the finish, the last but not least, Is the famed little Purgative Pellet.

Last but not least is Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellet, because it relieves human suffering, adds to the sum of human comfort, and enables the relieved sufferer to enjoy all the blessings and luxuries of the age we live in.

If every person would be half as good as he expects his neighbor to be, what a heaven this world would be!

Yes, he loves you now, 'tis true,  
Less with eyes of violet blue,  
Lips as sweet as honey-dew,  
Bonny little bride!  
Will he love you as to day,  
When your bloom has fled away,  
When your golden locks are grey—  
Will his love abide?

Yes, if it is the true kind it will survive all the inevitable wastes and changes of life. But, it is every woman's desire and duty to retain, as long as she can, the attractions that made her charming and beloved in youth. No one can keep her youthful bloom or equable temper if weighed down and suffering from female weakness and disorders. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a remedy for these troubles. Sold by druggists.

### An Offensive Breath

is most distressing, not only to the person afflicted if he have any wife, but to those

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Paid-up Capital, 2,300,000  
Reserve Fund, 1,180,000  
Total Assets, 9,301,615

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Applications may be made direct to the undersigned by letter or otherwise, or to the local representatives of the company throughout Ontario. As the Company always has funds on hand no delay need be expected. Expenses reduced to minimum.

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FINEST CRINDER IN THE WORLD NO RENEWING PLATES AS IN IRON MILLS  
COMBINED FEED MILL, ELEVATORS AND SCREEN  
STONES WILL LAST A LIFE TIME  
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20 INCH STANDARD CHOPPER  
Have also Best Corn and Cob Grinder. Send for circular.

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THE greatest discovery of the present age for RHEUMATISM, GOUT, AND CURING ALL BLOOD LIVER AND KIDNEY COMPLAINTS. A perfect Blood Purifier. A few in Hamilton who have been benefited by its use:—Mrs. M. Keenan, 192 Robert St., cured of Erysipelas of 2 years standing; Robert Corneil, 24 South St., daughter cured of Epileptic Fits after 8 years' suffering.

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Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summer from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling

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is most distressing, not only to the person afflicted if he have any pride, but to those with whom he comes in contact. It is a delicate matter to speak of, but it has parted not only friends but lovers. Bad breath and catarrh are inseparable. Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures the worst cases as thousands can testify.

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He who courts and goes away may live to court another day; but he who weds and courts girls still may get in court against his will.

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**YOUNG MEN** suffering from the effects of early habits, the result of ignorance and folly, who find themselves weak, nervous and exhausted; also **MID-AGED AND OLD MEN** who are broken down from the effects of abuse or over-work, and in advanced life feel the consequences of youthful excess, send for and READ M. V. Lubon's Treatise on Diseases of Men. The book will be sent sealed to any address on receipt of two 8c. stamps. Address M. V. LUBON, 47 Wellington St. E. Toronto Ont.

When the religious fear of God possesses the heart it expels the ignoble fear of man, and becomes the principle of courage and magnanimity.

## Coff No More.

Watson's cough drops are the best in the world for the throat and chest, for the voice unequalled. See that the letters R. & T. W. are stamped on each drop.

If we love a vicious person our friendship will be vicious too; it will be like those to whom it is given.

People who are subject to bad breath, foul coated tongue, or any disorder of the Stomach, can at once be relieved by using Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters, the old and tried remedy. Ask your Druggist.

There was a man given to flings and sneers, whom his wife called a fellow of infinite wit.

Whenever your Stomach or Bowels get out of order, causing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion and their attendant evils, take at once a dose of Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters. Best family medicine All Druggists, 50 cents.

A. P. 373.

**PATENTS** For Sale—Illustrated descriptive Catalogue free. R. Chamberlin, Toronto.

If you have invented anything useful, patent it and make money. Write for HARVEY'S GUIDE TO PATENTS, to A. Harvey, Patent Attorney and publisher of "The Patent Review," Ottawa, Ont., 25 yrs. experience.

## AGENTS WANTED FOR

"THE RESERVE FUND ACCIDENT ASSOCIATION," 10 King St. E., Toronto, Ont. This is the only Accident Insurance Association in Ontario doing business on the Assessment Plan. For further particulars apply to

WATERLOO  
E. W. CO. - BRANTFORD, CANADA.

## MERCHANTS AND BUTCHERS AND TRADERS GENERALLY.

We want a GOOD MAN in your locality to pick up

## CALF SKINS

for us. Cash furnished on satisfactory guaranty. Address C. S. PAGE, Hyde Park, Vermont, U.S.

## THE LONDON GUARANTEE AND ACCIDENT CO. (LD.) OF LONDON, ETC.

Capital, £200,000. Dominion Government Deposit, £55,000. Head Office: 72 King St. East, Toronto. Gentlemen of influence wanted in unrepresented districts. A. T. McCORD, Resident Secretary for the Dominion.

LADIES' Dress and Mantle cutting by this new and improved  
**TAILORS' SQUARE.**  
Satisfaction guaranteed to teach ladies the full art of cutting all garments worn by ladies and children. PROF. SMITH 183½ Queen St W., Toronto. Agents wanted.

**NEW & SECOND-HAND  
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE MACHINERY  
FREE H. W. PETRIE,  
BRANTFORD, CANADA.**

## HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

**\$10 WATCH FOR \$5!  
\$2.75 WATCH FOR \$2!**

For Five Dollars you can buy of **CHARLES STARK, 52 Church St., Toronto,**

A good, reliable ten-dollar silver Watch (ordinary retail price), eleven jewelled, patent lever, expansion balance, 3 oz. silver case for..... \$5

Higher grade movement, in same case..... 8  
Wm. Ellery, Waltham, in same case..... 9  
P. S. Bartlett, Waltham, in same case..... 10

If engraved silver cases are preferred, add 50c. to above prices. The silver cases are our own manufacture, and fully guaranteed.

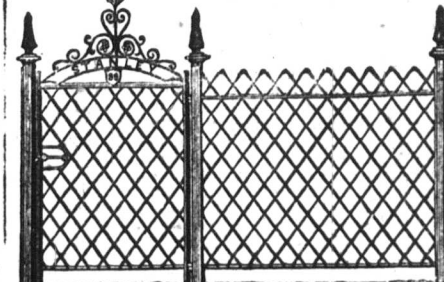
**A Reliable Stem-winding Watch for \$2.** Ordinary retail price \$2.75.

On receipt of price will send by registered mail, postage prepaid.

**Chas. Stark, 52 Church St., Toronto,**

Wholesale and retail dealer in Fire Arms, Manufacturer of Gold and Silver Watch Cases, Manufacturer of Gold and Silver Jewelry, Diamond Setting, etc. Importer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Gold and Silver American Swiss Watches. Send for Illustrated Catalogue. Be sure and state which you want, Fire Arms or Jewelry, as we now publish them separately.

## BARNUM WIRE and IRON WORKS, WINDSOR, ONT.



**IRON FENCES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. - Send for Catalogue.**

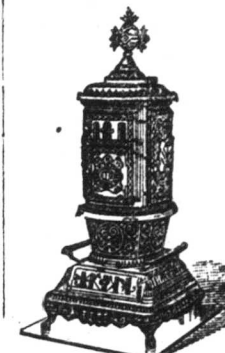
## Allan Line Royal Mail Steamships.

Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summer from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers for Scotland and Ireland; also from Baltimore, via Halifax and St. John's, N. F., to Liverpool fortnightly during summer months. The steamers of the Glasgow lines sail during winter to and from Halifax, Portland, Boston and Philadelphia; and during summer between Glasgow and Montreal weekly; Glasgow and Boston weekly, and Glasgow and Philadelphia fortnightly.

For freight, passage, or other information apply to A. Schumacher & Co., Baltimore; S. Cunard & Co., Halifax; Shees & Co., St. John's, Nfld.; Wm. Thompson & Co., St. John, N.B.; Allen & Co., Chicago; Love & Alden, New York; H. Bourlier, Toronto; Allans, Rae & Co., Quebec; Wm. Brookie, Philadelphia; H. A. Allen Portland Boston Montreal.



## THE BALTIC



Is the only stove made that will burn wood or coal equally well. It will heat one or more adjoining rooms and retain fire with either fuel all night. It is the farmers' wood burner and will make home as comfortable as with a self feeder coal stove. The largest size is an unrivalled heater for schools, hall and churches. The family Keystone, the largest first-class stove for the money made.

## THE ARGAND

Is revolutionizing cooking with coal. Its patent fire-pot and grate makes it the most durable, easiest to manage, best to retain fire night and day, and most economical of coal stoves. These were the only stoves awarded a medal for new and meritorious inventions this year.

If your dealer has not got them write us for information.

**THE OSHAWA STOVE CO.,  
OSHAWA, ONT.  
MANUFACTURERS.**

We are now offering the Best Iron Fences ever sold in Canada, at remarkably Low Prices.

WE ALSO MAKE

Stable Fixtures, Sand Screens, Weather Vanes, Iron Stairs and Shutters, Fire Escapes, Office Railings, Flower Stands, Wire Signs, and all kinds of Wire, Iron and Brass Work.

# Robinson & Co.

Successors to Downey & Co

## TAILORING DEPARTMENT.—

Mr Walters is very busy. The rush of orders have been so great that some of our customers have been annoyed because they have had to wait so long. We are glad to tell you that we have this week engaged three more hands and will now be able to turn out orders with despatch. Do you want a good Overcoat? Go to Walters'. Do you want a good suit of Clothes? Go to Walters'. Do you want Ready-made Clothing? Go to Walters. Do you want anything from the finest Broadcloth down to the cheapest Tweed? Go Walters.

## CARPET, LACE CURTAINS AND OILCLOTH DEPARTMENT.—

House-keepers and intending housekeepers are interested in this department. Our stock of Carpets is well selected and cannot fail to please. The values are especially good. In Lace Curtains we have a very fine assortment. We commence them at \$1 per sett. Examine them and see if they are not cheap. Floor and Table Oilcloths

# The Napanee Express

NAPANEE. FRIDAY, DEC. 2, 1887

## Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (application strictly private and confidential.) 2287ly

## Chas Lane

Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Front of Grammar school, Bridge Street, Napanee. 2287ly

## Thos. Flynn.

Issuer of Marriage Certificates. To be had at the bookstore of W. D. Madden, who has been appointed deputy issuer. 2487ly.

- Fresh Finnan Haddie at SPENCER'S
- All our wool goods are reduced in price this month. C. F. HENDERSON.
- You get all things necessary to keep the wolf from the door at GEO. I HAM'S.
- All groceries reduced in price at SPENCER'S
- Another carload of that life giving family flour arrived to-day at GEO. I. HAM'S.
- SPENCER'S is the place to buy tea at reduced prices.
- For the cold weather—Ladies' and childrens' gaiters and over-stockings. C. F. HENDERSON.
- It will put money in your pocket if you buy groceries at GEO. I HAM'S.
- Something appropriate for every stocking. Gifts for young and old at the 7c store. R. VANCE
- Just opened fresh breakfast bacon. HENRY R. SPENCER
- Come, drop in and see the finest assortment of creams at Davis'
- The finest article for cleaning old furniture and giving it a nice polish is now for sale at J Gibbard & Son's.
- All our wools, wool work and fancy goods reduced in price during this month. C. F. HENDERSON.
- Come one and all to the 7c store. It will do you good to see our display in toys and Christmas presents. R. VANCE.
- Cheapest place in town for all groceries at H. R. SPENCER'S.
- GREAT FLANNEL SALE going on at ROBINSONS & CO'S.
- On Wednesday afternoon the steamer Quinte had to break her way through large cakes of ice on her way down from Belleville.
- Christmas buyers delighted with our grand display of bargains in curious, useful and ornamental articles at the 7c store. R. VANCE.
- Lost, on Tuesday last between Selby and Sharp's corners, a black overcoat The finder will confer a favor upon the owner by leaving it at the Carnell House. 2187a
- If you want a first-class cooking, parlor or box stove, dumb stove, gallows pipes, tee pipes, damper pipes, or stove pipes, you will consult your own interests by going to R. G. Wright, opposite the Brisco House.
- Johnson's decorators' pure white lead, Johnson's pure ready-mixed paints, paint oil, turpentine, varnish, glass, putty, building paper, chopping axes, cross-cut saws at rock bottom prices at R G Wright's, 126 and 128, Dundas street.

The Ernesttown township council meets on the 14th inst., instead of the date formerly fixed. The change is owing to the county council meeting on the 10th.

—\$5 per month will buy a good piano. A large stock of second-hand and new pianos which are offered on easy payments. Call at Madden's and see them. You will also see the finest stock of Xmas cards ever shown in Napanee. Madden's Bookstore is the place.

—Catop Bros' hall, Enterprise, will be opened on Tuesday, Dec 6, when Delavanti's European Sensation will give an entertainment. This show is highly spoken of and is composed of slack wire performances, juggling, singing and other specialties. Doors open at 7.30, performances at 8 o'clock. Admission 15c and 25c.

—PERRY & Co have just received a carload of lamp chimneys the handsomest assortment of any shown in town, and they are selling them away below any other house in town. Give them a call if you want bargains. Also four carloads of coal oil just to hand cheaper than anywhere else by the gallon or barrel.

—If you want anything fine in the way of Silverware, Jewelry or Watches at lowest living prices, call at the F W Smith's Jewelry Store, or if you have a watch or clock which needs to be repaired, leave it with him. He has a staff of workmen well up in the business and upon the

—The days begin to lengthen and the cold to increase.

—Malaga grapes, fine eating figs, Florida oranges, at Davis'.

—Steps are to be taken for the incorporation of Deseronto as a town

The electric light has been placed in front of Cheapside and the medical hall by the enterprising proprietors.

—Any amount of money to loan on real estate at lowest rates of interest. Apply to J. C. Drewry, at THE EXPRESS office.

—Evertan, fig, almond, latier, and marabone taffies at Davis'

The proprietors of the Campbell House are having a furnace placed in the building, which will make a material improvement.

—Every young man should attend the evening classes at the Mechanic's Institute rooms. Class opens Monday night. Full course \$5.00.

—On Sunday morning last Rev H. Williams, of Belleville, occupied the pulpit of the Western Methodist church, delivering an excellent sermon.

—Young men,—young women,—attend the evening classes at the Mechanics' Institute rooms in book-keeping, arithmetic and writing. Full course \$5.00. Come Monday night.

—Oh woman in our hours of ease, uncertain coy and hard to please, but, if you want to give her unbounded pleasure call at James H Downey's one price boot and shoe store and take her home a pair of first class boots.

—The following sums were contributed to the Pope's jubilee fund from this district:

	LAITY	CLERGY
Erinsville.....	\$ 30.....	\$ 91 25
Camden.....	30.....	89 35
Napanee.....	30.....	100 00

—Those having good horses for sale will be pleased to learn that the popular horse buyer, Mr. H. W. Adams, will be at Potter & Williams livery stable on Friday and Saturday, December 2nd and 3rd—to day and to-morrow.

Lost on Sunday night last, on Robert St., between Mill street and the Western Methodist church, a pair of gold rimmed spectacles enclosed in a brown leather case. The finder will confer a favor by leaving them at THE EXPRESS office.

—Mr J. P. Northey is having an engine house erected at the rear of the waterworks pump house. He has secured a 100-horse power engine, to use in case the supply of water is insufficient to work the pumps. The engine was purchased from Goldie & McCullough, Galt.

—The albert college Business School, Belleville, Ont., is one of the most thorough and practical in the Province. Book-keeping, banking, type-writing, shorthand, ornamental penmanship, etc., taught by professors and specialists of large experience. Fees: 20 weeks scholarship, \$25: Life scholarship, \$35. Attendance last year, 170, representing several provinces and states For announcement, address Rev. W. P. DYER, M. A., Principal.

—MILLINERY, MILLINERY, MILLINERY at ROBINSON & CO'S.

—Our Little Ones and the Nursery for December, gives its usual quota of good things and something more in happy glimpses of holidays to which the little people are looking forward with great expectations. These stories will go straight to the juvenile heart, and set young ears listening for the first tinkle of bells denoting the approach of beloved Santa Claus. This beautiful monthly has its corps of special writers and artists; and all it contains is freshly gotten up with care to please and cultivate the class for whom it is designed. Russell Publishing Co., 36 Bromfield St., Boston, Mass.

cheap. Floor and Table Oilcloths  
Oilcloth Mats, 1½ and 2 yds  
square, a specialty.

**DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.**—  
The popularity of our Dress Goods  
Department is steadily increasing.  
This year we have secured so  
many bargains and our Goods are  
so new and bright that everyone is  
pleased. Our 25c and 27½c All-  
Wool Goods are some of the plums.  
Our Tailor-made Costumes are a  
specialty. We are noted for sty-  
lish Dress Goods.

**UNDERWEAR DEPARTMENT.**—  
Ladies' Merino Undervests, winter  
weight, Drawers to match. Ladies  
Misses and Childrens' Combination  
Suits in Scarlet, Claret, White and  
Grey. Ladies Cashmere Under-  
rests. Mens' double breasted rib-  
bed Shirts, 40c, 50c, 65c, 75c.  
Special line all-wool Shirts, 65c,  
Drawers to match.

**FLANNEL DEPARTMENT.**—Don't  
forget our bargains in Flannels.  
The cheapest Flannels in town.  
All-wool Grey Flannels from 18c  
per yard up.

**Robinson & Co**

Successors to Downey & Co.

prices, call at the F W Smith's Jewelry store, or if you have a watch or clock which needs to be repaired, leave it with him. He has a staff of workmen well up in the business and upon the work turned out by them he can guarantee perfect satisfaction. Call on F W Smith, Jeweler

—Xmas and wedding cakes a specialty  
—select and standard oysters received daily at Davis'

—Judgment has been given in the suit of Symington vs. Jamieson which has been pending for some time. This was a dispute regarding the power of Mr Jamieson to use the west wall of Mr Symington's building as a support for the projection of the building which covers the driveway between the two properties. The case was referred to Judge Wilkinson who decided in favor of Jamieson, the plaintiff to pay costs.

—The stock of W H Bruton, confectioner, has been purchased by Robinson Bros, soda water manufacturers. Yesterday stock was taken and today the store is open under the new management. Mr Bruton and family will move to Deseronto where he will join his son in business.

—A week from next Saturday, Dec 10, Delavanti's museum will be opened in town,—the place not yet decided upon. One of the attractions will be a south African sheep, having a long under jaw, the mouth at the side of its head and only one nostril—its face represents more that of a human being than that of a sheep. Doors open from 10 a.m. to 10 p.m. Admission 10c. In the afternoon children will be admitted for 5c.

—Last week Mr Cook, of Gananoque, purchased the interest of Mr E. Healy, in the livery stable owned by Healy & McNulty, and the firm will now be known as McNulty & Cook. They have leased the Huffman House sheds and will also operate there for the next two months when they will move the old livery stable into the Huffman House yard. An office is being erected in the rear of the hotel, with the entrance north of the building

—Last week the friends of Mr. W. J. Doller, mail clerk on the N. T. & Q. R., received a genuine surprise. On Friday last the fact of his having been united in marriage to Miss Minnie Douglass, of Tamworth, became known. The ceremony was performed about a month ago by Rev. W. S. Smith, of Centreville. Willet's many friends hope his wedded life may be a prosperous and joyous one.

—The Dioptric system of measuring lenses was unanimously adopted and recommended by the second international congress, ophthalmology and of medicine which met in 1875, being adopted from the report of a committee appointed by a previous congress to devise an improved method. Its standard is the metre which is everywhere the same in length, while the old standard, the inch, differs in different countries. Hence a lens whose focal distance is one metre is said to measure a dioptric. Thus the new system is to be preferred because it is adapted to all countries, by its common standard and has the sanction of all leading authorities. F. Chinneck is the only one in this district who has a dioptric instrument

—Friday night last Bro F Welsh, D D, of Kingston, visited the Masonic Lodge here. A large attendance was present, there being visiting brethren from surrounding lodges. The principal business was the election of officers, the following being elected: W M. Wor Bro W C Scott, re-elected; Sen Warden, Bro J G Fennell; Jun Warden, Bro F F Miller; Sec Bro S C Warner; Treas, Bro W Joy; Chap Wor Bro O Hinch; Tyler, Bro Bryce Allen; Auditors, Bro C James and E S Lapum, Refreshments were served in the ante-room, after which speeches were given by several of the members and visiting brothers. Rt Wor Bro W Smeat on, D D, of Belleville, was also present and delivered an address.

**—TIE DOWNS AND WOOLEN BLANKETS cheap at ROBINSON & CO'S**

—You are invited to visit Gallagher's Book and Notion Bargain House and inspect his new and carefully selected stock of books, bibles, annuals, toys, sleighs and fancy goods. Everything marked at hard times prices. In order to avoid the jam and confusion of Christmas week, J. H. Gallagher has decided to make an inducement for his customers to buy their holiday goods earlier. Accordingly between now and December 10 he will allow a discount of 10 per cent. from the regular price. This liberal allowance, added to the advantage of a full and "first pick" selection, should make every customer who can afford it buy their gifts now to lay aside until Christmas morning. No forced sales. Our goods and prices speak for themselves. Note the place, J. H. Gallagher's Book and Notion Bargain House, opposite J. A. Wisworth's grocery store. Open every evening until 9 o'clock.

care to please and cultivate the class for whom it is designed. Russell Publishing Co., 36 Bromfield St., Boston, Mass.

—There is no better Christmas present than a fine life-size portrait made by the bromide process at Hulett's studio. Those desiring such are requested to call at once as from present appearances Mr. Hulett will be extra busy from now until after the holidays. By leaving orders early better pictures can be secured. He is also turning out some handsome cabinets which only require to be seen to be appreciated. Mr Hulett has on hand a fine stock of albums which will be sold at reduced prices during the holiday season.

—That THE EXPRESS is the leading advertising medium of Lennox and Addington, has become a recognised fact. It reaches nearly every home in the county, the few who do not subscribe for it borrowing at times from their neighbors "just to have a look at it." We have had a number of direct evidences lately of its value. In one instance there were no less than nine replies to one advertisement inside a few hours, and last week Mr. K. J. Strong advertised having found a good fur robe. The same evening the owner, Mr. Wm. Sutton, of Newburgh, saw the advertisement and came in for it. He had lost it on his way home from Napanee.

—On Thursday of last week special constable Cronk was sent to Odessa to arrest E. Wycott, on the charge of selling liquor under the Scott Act. He arrested his man in the hotel, and handed him over to county constable Hillier for safe keeping. Wycott watched his chance and made a bound for the street, Cronk was after him hot-foot and, seeing he was making for a hiding place, pulled a revolver and fired in the air. The prisoner pawed the ground but did not move a foot, and he was recaptured. A friend attempted to save him by picking up a stone and threatening to throw it, but upon being favored with a glimpse of the revolver dropped the missile. Wycott was brought to Napanee, before James Daly, J.P., who imposed a fine of \$50 and costs for infraction of the act.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St N.Y.

# Announcement Extraordinary!

## - GREAT - : FOOTWEAR : - SALE -

At Manufacturers' Prices

Being engaged in other business we are anxious to  
sell our immense stock of

**Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Rubbers, Overshoes**

**Trunks and Valises,**

and offer it to the public at **Manufacturers' Prices, or  
First Cost,**

**For CASH ONLY.**

We have some lines which we will sell at about half price. Boots and Shoes, Slippers, Rubbers, Overshoes, from all the leading manufacturers. Styles, the latest. Qualities, excellent. **Prices, Lower than First Cost.** Remember that this immense stock will be sold **WITHOUT RESERVE.** First come first served. We are anxious that you should take advantage of this great sale. A few of our prices:

Woms Btn Boots, 75c      Women's Rubbers, 30c  
1,000 prs Slippers at 50c.

1,000 prs Slippers at 50c.

Woms Lace Boots, 75c

Women's Slippers, 40c

Children's Boots from 50c up.

Men's American Rubbers, 50c

Mens Overshoes (Snow Excluders) \$1.37

Mens Hand Made Kip Boots, \$3.10

**BOYS BOOTS AT ANY PRICE YOU LIKE  
FINE GOODS.**

Ladies Sol Calf Button Boot for \$1.50

Ladies French Kid Btn Boot for \$2.35

Our Regular Price for Above was \$2 and 3.25

*Come and See this Stock  
before purchasing your  
Fall and Winter  
Footwear.*



Remember that this is no advertising dodge to catch customers and that we are selling these goods at manufacturers prices to please the public.

We want to devote our time and invest our money in other business

**NO GOODS SOLD ON CREDIT**

**JAS. H. DOWNEY,**

**ONE PRICE SHOE STORE.**

North side Dundas-street,

NAPANEE, ONT.

